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LAWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY SITE-WIDE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT 3 US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY National Nuclear Security Administration ---000---APRIL 27, 2004 EVENING PROCEEDINGS 9 10 11 12 13 LOCATION: Doubletree Club 14 720 Las Flores Road Livermore, CA 15 16 17 18 Reported by: DENNIS M. SOUZA, CSR #3893 19 21 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 388 MARKET STREET, SUITE 400 22 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111 23 24 (415) 391-5153 25 www.dailycopydepositions.com Page 1 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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Livermore, California
                                             April 27, 2004
                        EVENING SESSION
             MR. BROWN: So with that, we will get on with
    the list of folks signed up. Dan Turner is next. Is
    Dan still here? Okay. Following was Bob Hanson. Is
    Bob here? These are folks who were signed up this
    afternoon.
             Scott Yundt? Is Scott here?
             I think Bob Russell was running one of our
    attendees home. He will be back. So when I see him
    reenter, I will call his name again. Natalie Russell?
    Amy Schultz? Courtney Childs? Tim Gordon?
             If any of those folks return, if you happen to
    know them and see them come back in, let me know and I
    will call their name again.
16
             Martha, it looks like Priebat. Pat Buchanan?
17
    JG Tindel? John Oldfather? Tony Debelis? Yvonne
18
    Miles.
             I think Donald King -- oh, good. Okay. You
    are Donald King? Gayle Cuddy will follow if she is
21
    here.
22
             MR. KING: I am Donald King from Livermore. I
    have lived here since 1978 when I came to work for the
    Livermore Laboratory. I am not a scientist. I was a
    compensation analyst in the Human Resources division
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and I worked there for four years. I was retired in 1982. Just some preliminary remarks, sort of personal and not directly relevant to the environmental impact study but when I first came to work for the Lab not knowing much about what it did one of my co-workers handed me a book to start out with and he said read this. The title of the book was, We Almost Lost Detroit. It was about a nuclear melt down of a reactor in the area of Detroit. We didn't have to worry about that because as I learned as I was here a little while longer that the Lab did have a reactor here at one time and I suppose it could have melted down but that reactor was removed. I don't know exactly what year it 1.3 was but it had to be prior to the year that I came in 14 1978. 15 16 I should say just to get it on the record, that as far as these alternatives are concerned, the 17 one that appeals to me most is the reduced option 18 19 alternative because it is supposed to be a 30 percent 1/06.01 scale down of the activities at the Lab and that's what 21 I think should be happening, if we can't eliminate the 22 nuclear weapons entirely, which I advocate, but I know 23 that is pretty unrealistic. 24 In looking at the draft site-wide environmental impact statement here getting to the very Page 3

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last two pages, there was a section on accidents. It
    struck me and I had to laugh. It was the one about the
    possibility of a plane crashing into the Livermore Lab.
    Well, after having worked at the Lab for all those
    years, why I know that this was talked about every once
    in a while and there was air space over the Lab where
                                                              2/25.08
    pilots were to avoid, maybe it still is the case, I
    think it is, but for the scientists to calculate the
    annual frequency of an aircraft crashing into the
    building structure with subsequent gasoline pool fire
    is less frequent than once in a million years. Well,
    that is the kind of analysis that I think probably
    would be left just as well unsaid.
             Now, what I have tried to do because I have a
14
    degree in urban planning so I like to sort of go by the
    rules on these environmental impact statements and I am
    quite familiar with the purpose of them so I have tried
    to go to particular pages of this, which I went through
18
     rather hurriedly. I saw that those who were analyzing
     what I could say could refer to what I am talking
     about. I started out with Page S4. This is regarding
     the number of -- the population surrounding the Lab
     here. I had to compute it because it said that 45
     percent of Lab employees reside in the Tri Valley area.
     I computed it out. It was something over 6,000 in
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total, but 40 percent or 10,600 I think times 45
    percent so we have about 4770 people living in the Tri
    Valley area, Livermore, Dublin, Pleasanton when you
    think of that. That is a lot people. That is a lot
    more people than were here when I came here in 1978. I
    did my masters project on the Livermore area recreation
    park district when it was founded back in the '30's
    when there was only about 3,000 here. In 1952 when the
    Lab was founded, of course, it was a relatively rural
    bastion out here 50 miles from the original lab of
10
    Berkeley.
11
             MR. BROWN: You have got one minute left.
12
              MR. KING: My goodness. A couple things that
    concerned me, Page S10 about the NIF and so we must
14
     presume that hazardous materials will be used when the
     NIF begins operating in 2008. That disturbs me because 3/26.01
     I think it was Ray Kidder a former scientist said back
17
     in '95 I think he said, that it stated a policy that
18
     fissile materials would never be used in that facility.
19
     The BSL 3 facility, Page S10 talks about, well, I
20
     believe we should be concerned about finding no
                                                             4/35.01
     significant impact dated December 16th, 19 -- 2002 was
     issued. No significant impact for that critical
     facility with these toxic substances and Page S11 about
     the Super Block, this is that critical area where there
                                                               Page 5
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1	was the plutonium facility, tritium facility and the	
2	record of decision, the existing limit of 700 kilograms	
3	of they call it fuel, I assume that means weapons grade	
4	equivalent plutonium poses a constraint on future	
5	operations and there is disposition of pathway is not	5/33.01
6	established for plutonium. So that they don't know	
7	exactly where this plutonium might go.	
8	MR. BROWN: If you can cite maybe one more	
9	thing then perhaps turn in the other typed pages.	
10	MR. KING: One other thing that bothered me	
11	somewhat, not the most important thing probably, but	
12	regarding the waste and isolation pilot plant. A	
13	contractor would operate this. There would be over	
14	1,000 drums of transuranic and mixed transuranic waste	
15	would go to this contractor, the WIPP, it was	
16	originally excluded from the NIF review. The survey	6/22.01
17	does not state where the WIPP is located, how it will	
18	decontaminate or how it will contaminate or dispose of	
19	the waste, decontaminate or dispose of the waste, by	
20	what means will it be transported from LNLL to the WIPP	
21	facility, wherever that may be. I thought I would like	
22	to know that.	
23	MR. BROWN: Fine. Thanks very much. Is Gayle	
24	Cuddy here? Gayle will be followed by Jonathan	
25	Stridling.	
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MS Cuddy: Hello. My name is Gayle Cuddy. I have lived in Livermore since 1988, after having lived in Massachusetts and San Francisco before that. My husband got a job in Fremont after we lived in Massachusetts and when he told me he found a house in Livermore I balked. I knew there was a famous Livermore Lab there and I didn't want to live close to a nuclear weapons lab for two reasons. I didn't believe on its emphasis for weapons research rather than research for peaceful purposes and it had a 10 reputation even in the '70's as a contaminated place. 11 But I was glad our house was on the most western edge of town several miles from the Lab. I have worked for Tri-Valley Cares now for three months however I have been sympathetic for its work ever since I moved here. 15 Several things really scare me about living near the 16 Lab. Number one, since 9/11, the potential as a terrorist target is chilling. Though I have not been 18 one to freak out over such things as flying in an 19 airplane or taking BART, there is enormous potential 20 7/30.01 for disaster to millions people should a terrorist 21 attack occur. This is corroborated by this morning's 22 article in the Tri Valley Herald from the LA times, to quote: The General Accounting Office will report today that the threat posed by terrorists against the US Page 7

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25	Third, it also scares me that the US is	
24	Lab.	
23	good reason to remove the deadly materials from the	
22	several as I understand, that in itself seems like a	8/14.01
21	that it's built on an earthquake fault, there are	0/4.4.04
20	Secondly, what else scares me about the Lab is	
19	here.	
18	address the problem is to get those materials out of	
17	adequately protect its materials. The only way to	
16	concluded working with insiders that Livermore cannot	
15	to improve its security states, to quote: We have	
14	D.C. group that has been pressing the Energy Department	
13	the Project On Government Oversight our Washington,	
12	Think Chernobyl. Daniel Brian, Executive Director of	
11	materials would be released and disbursed into the air.	cont.
10	threat would be a dirty bomb in which radioactive	7/30.01
9	the experts warned. A lesser although still lethal	7/2000
8	Livermore, and cause tens of thousands of casualties,	
7	would destroy the Lab, the surrounding city, that is	
6	bomb built by suicide terrorists in minutes, to quote,	
5	Super Block at the Lab is tougher to defend. A crude	
4	goes on to say that unlike other facilities the	
3	its most recent planning for security. The article	
1	weapons labs is estimated by intelligence agencies to be far more lethal than what the Energy has accepted in	

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invading other countries looking for weapons of mass
    destruction yet continuing to put billions of dollars
    to build up our own weapons program here in the US. It
    deeply concerns me the hatred that is building up
     around the world toward us.
              Therefore, I recommend that one the Lab be
     converted to civilian peaceful research; two, the Lab
     clean up the super fund site that it is; and three, be
     a leader in global disarmament which the United States
     is supposed to be committed to. Thank you.
10
              MR. BROWN: Thank you. Is Jonathan here?
11
     Okay, I think Eugene Spake. That actually concludes
12
     the list of folks that had signed up --
              SPEAKER: I had. It was out there.
14
               MR. BROWN: Okay. Anybody else who had signed
     up for this morning that hasn't had a chance to speak.
16
     I see we have one. You are next.
17
               MS. WILDWOOD: Hi, my name is Annie Wildwood
18
      and I live in Sonoma County and I have two
     grandchildren, a daughter and a son-in-law who live in
20
      this area and his parents and family and so I thought I
      should come today and say a few words. I \mbox{\tiny I} \mbox{\tiny I}
      kind of a unusual juxtaposition of first of all I \ensuremath{\mathtt{am}}
      going to do something down beat and then I am roing to
24
      do something, hopefully, upbeat.
                                                                  Page 9
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I was a child on the island of Kwajalein in
    the Marshall Islands. I was ten years old and it was
    two years after the Bikini bomb test.
             Since then, two of my sisters are dead. I
    have had three sisters and a brother. They died young,
    breast cancer, both sisters, one just last October. 35
    years after I lived on Kwajalein Island I was in Canada
    in Vancouver. I picked up a magazine from Kwajalein
    islanders and read that the women there in the Marshall
    Islands were having hamburger babies and that was 35
     years after the first bomb was dropped on Bikini
12
     Island.
              So, I took up this work of going to hearings
13
     and speaking out and also since it is kind of a
     depressing thing, I am going to sort of do something to
     cheer myself up and tell a little story that's relevant
     here, I think.
              So, well, hi. I finally got why President
18
     Bush always says nuclear. I used to kind of feel sorry
     for him that none of his speech writers or staff would
     even clue him in about how to really pronounce it. I
     used to think that, oh, he must be so embarrassed or he
     would be so embarrassed if he found out that he had
     been doing it all the time he has been in office saying
     nuclear. Well, I was thinking about it the other day
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and I thought, oh, no, no, that's right. He's
    pronouncing it just like he wants to, just like he
    thinks it should be said. Nuclear. Nuclear. Silly
    me, thinking of him like that, but -- well, that is not
    really why I am up here, though. Hum, silliness.
    Well, that does have something to do with what I want
    to talk about. I wanted to talk about the mind and the
    imagination of the human species and the state of
    denial as applied to nuclear and nuclear energy use.
    So today I have one example of how silly the human mind
10
    and imagination can get, recklessly silly. Some of you
    might recognize this character here. Has anyone ever
     seen this guy? Is there anyone here that knows who
13
    this is? This is Pluto boy. Now, he was part of a
     cartoon that the Japanese put out to convince the
     people, they actually put out a little video cartoon
16
    back in about, hum, at the time when Hazel O'Leary was
17
     head of the Department of Energy, do you remember that,
     about 1994, at least. Well, the Japanese people were
19
     trying to convince the people who lived in a perfect
20
     town where they were going to build a new plutonium run
     reactor that, well, the dialogue went something like
     this: Pluto boy had in this hand a glass which looked
     like a glass of water offering it to his friend. And
24
     Pluto boy said: Oh, plutonium's good. You can even
                                                              Page 11
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drink it.
        That actually happened. But Hazel O'Leary, do
you know what she did? She wrote them a letter and she
said: I think you're being disingenuous to these
citizens there who live around where this nuclear
reactor is going to be built. You should tell them
what is really going on there. Yea for Hazel O'Leary.
         MR. BROWN: About a minute left.
         MS. WILDWOOD: Okay. So I want to ask the
question of the Department of Energy today: If the
Draft Site Environmental Impact Statement for Continued
Operation of Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and
Supplemental Stockpile Stewardship and Management
Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement is another
                                                         10/25.05,
disingenuous case of trying to convince people it is
                                                          04.01
safe to drink, breathe and touch plutonium and anthrax
plague and other deadly bio warfare pathogens because
that's what could happen in the Bay Area to 7 million
people on these earthquake faults. Silly. Why can't
we just come together and stop making the poison fire?
That's not silly.
         MR. BROWN: Let me move on to -- yes -- sir?
 Had you signed up?
          SPEAKER: There wasn't actually a sign up, but
I would --
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MR. BROWN: We have actually a sign up sheet.
    If you would like to speak this evening, just see the
    folks out at the desk and we will be glad to add you to
    the list.
             I want to move onto the folks who have signed
    up in order for this evening's meeting. We'll start
    with them. I want to mention that as I have been
    doing, I will give everybody a warning at the one
    minute mark so you can conclude your comments, if you
    are running that long; and also, I will try and call
10
    the name of the next speaker so that you know you are
11
    coming up next and can move into position to get up to
    the mic as soon as possible because we did run terribly
    late this afternoon and I would like to try to move
     this session along as rapidly as possible.
15
              The people signed themselves in. As I
16
     mentioned this afternoon, calligraphy doesn't appear to
17
     be a strong point of the school system these days, so I
18
     am going to have to guess at some of the last names,
19
     but I hope you will forgive me for that.
20
              So first we have, is it Buddy Akwich? Is
21
     Buddy here? Good. Buddy will be followed by I guess
22
     it is Eugene Spake. I think I called his name earlier.
23
     Eugene, if you are here, you are welcome to speak,
     otherwise I will move onto the next person. Buddy,
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welcome.
             MR. AKACICH: Thank you. I am a local guy
    now. I mean, I am living in San Ramon and I am just a
    concerned citizen. What are we doing here? I mean,
    what are we trying to achieve this evening? It seems
    to me that what I would like to achieve is to tell you
     (indicating), specifically, a bunch of things and after
    I tell you those things you will change your mind about
    everything you are doing and not do it anymore.
              I think that the likelihood of that occurring
10
     is close to zero. I hope I'm wrong. I really do.
              You know as you made your presentation this
12
     evening, it seems to me that you gave us one chunk of
     bad news after another. It was one bummer after
     another. You didn't say anything that I liked. You
     didn't say anything that sounded good to me. Every
     item that you clicked with your laser was a bummer and
17
     then you went onto minimize it. Well, it sounds like a
18
     bummer, but we have it under control, it won't really
     be a bummer. It's a bummer.
              Every nuclear weapon in the United States
21
     arsenal was developed at Livermore or Los Alamos Lab.
                                                              11/23.01
     Dangerous new nuclear operations are planned for the
     next ten years. Are you going to tell me that they are
     not dangerous. They are dangerous. They are toxic.
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They pollute. They kill, so you are going to tell me
    oh they only pollute a little bit and the likelihood
                                                            11/23.01
    they will kill is -- no, man, they pollute and they
                                                              cont.
             I see you have a wedding ring and a shirt and
    a tie and it looks to me like you probably have a wife
    and children.
             MR. GRIM: Two daughters.
             MR. AKACICH: Cool. You want to look your
    daughters in the face and tell them about these 300 new
10
    nuclear bombs? Do you feel cool doing that? 450 new
    plutonium pits per year. I want to know how many of
12
    those plutonium pits are going to be in your backyard?
              You are going to increase three fold the
14
     amount of plutonium? Environmental damage and nuclear 12/33.01
     proliferation risks, those are facts. They are not
16
     theoretical. They are not maybe. Those are facts.
17
              When you went to college, did you take
18
     philosophy courses? Did you take courses in the
19
     philosophy of religion, morals, ethics? Did you take
20
     those courses in college?
              Do you know about Helen Caldicott and what she
22
     says, Dr. Caldicott, the Australian physician, do you
     know what she talks about? Have you read the books she
     has written. And she talks about what you are going to
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do with those nuclear weapons is you are going to blow
    up Russian mountains because the Russians have 2500
    nuclear weapons pointed at us so you feel like you need
    to knock mountains down.
             Pollution and death is what you are dealing
    with.
             Another thing, I suspect that you're getting a
    pretty good paycheck and I suspect you are cashing in
    on Bush's tax cuts. And my greater suspicion is that
    if you found out that you could make double that money
    by growing organic apricots, you'd give it a thought.
    So it's all about this (indicating).
              This whole thing seems absurd to me. It seems
14
     like, are you kidding me? Are you crazy?
15
              MR. BROWN: One minute left.
16
              MR. AKACICH: I just want to know about the
    bunker busters, the plutonium tipped bunker busters
     that our intelligent, educated, and thoughtful and well
     read President is talking about.
              If you want to build these weapons because you
20
     want them to be \min nukes and you want them to be
     bunker busters, I want to know where those bunkers are.
     You know what, I don't think there are any. Show me.
     Show me scientific, solid empirical evidence that there
     are, fact, some bunkers around the world that I got to
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worry about. I believe it is a hoax and it's a myth.
    Thank you for the time.
             MR. BROWN: Okay, thanks. I would like to
    remind people that the primary focus of this evening's
    meeting is the opportunity to make comments on the
    draft environmental impact statement. This is your
    opportunity to get on the record comments that the
    Department of Energy has to respond to and people are
    certainly free to make comments on a wide range of
    issues as they did this afternoon; but, I advise you
10
    not to forego the opportunity to get those comments on
12
    the record.
             The other thing is that in terms of some of
13
    the more personal comments, people do feel the need, on
14
     occasion, to raise some issues of morality and so
     forth; but, you may be a little more successful in
16
     doing that not in such a public forum but, perhaps,
17
     engaging in a more private conversation.
18
              The next person who signed up is Eugene Spake.
19
     Is Eugene here? Don King? Laura Shaw? Laura is here.
20
     Lucille Moyer will follow.
              MS. SHAW: My name is Laura Shaw. I am a
22
     teacher in San Jose. I teach elementary school. I
     have three sons. I have a personal connection with a
     nuclear industry in that I was born in Grand Junction
                                                              Page 17
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25	including the removal of plutonium and highly enriched	
24	seriously considering major steps to improve security	
23	attacks, senior Energy Department officials are	
22	nuclear weapon labs are vulnerable to the terrorist	15/30.01
21	San Jose Mercury News states, amid growing concern that	
20	unpredictable people. As the article in today's	
19	Finally, we have people, lots and lots of	ı
18	materials upon our unpredictable freeways.	
17	traffic accident transporting nuclear or biological	= 2 . 1 0
16	the greater east Bay Area to subject them to a possible	14/25.10
15	people, too many traffic jams, way too many people in	
14	We have energy blackouts here. Too many	
13	protect the total facility.	
12	of earthquake retrofitting is going to guarantee to	
11	Lab, the soils and the water table involved, no amount	13/14.01
10	anymore nuclear fuel here. Considering the size of the	
9	unpredictability is the first reason we should not have	
8	directly on a fault to host an earthquake. Seismic	
6 7	are two earthquake faults and as the Loma Prieta Northridge earthquakes proved you don't have to live	
5	unpredictable people. Near the Lawrence Livermore Lab	
4	earthquakes, energy blackouts, traffic jams and	
3	California is an unpredictable state. We have	
2	both my parents to cancer before I left high school.	
1	Colorado which is a town built on uranium slag. I lost	

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uranium from Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and 15/30.01 other weapons sites. cont. Now is not the time to consider adding anymore extremely highly risk materials to an already 16/30.02 unpredictable and dubious state of security of this research facility. The environmental hazards of this 17/04.01 new buildup of nuclear materials at this facility are huge and unacceptable to the unpredictable Bay Area. 9 Thank you. 10 MR. BROWN: Ready, okay. MS MOYER: My name is Lucille Moyer. I am 11 from San Jose. I am the mother of a 19-year-old son. 12 13 I have been very concerned about what Lawrence Livermore Lab represents to us for a long time. 14 15 My thoughts border on rage most of the time when I think about nuclear weapons and what we are 16 doing in this country. But you said something just a 17 18 minute ago that made me shake with rage and I want to tell you why, because you mentioned that we should be 19 talking about these issues of morality and ethics 20 privately and that we shouldn't mention these things in 21 public -- that we should take the opportunity to 23 respond to this proposal to this environmental impact statement and not talk about these issues that we're 24 here to really talk about, because these are issues of Page 19

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US morality and of the American citizens and this is so
    important to us and I want to let you know that I and a
    lot of other people consider what you said to be -- to
    follow in the footsteps of George Bush to be dissent
    killing rhetoric and that's what you -- when we try to
    shame people and keep them from talking about what is
    in their heart and what they know to be true and honest
    and to keep what we do in this country secret and not
    talked about. In a dysfunctional family, you know what
    we do. People don't talk. They are not supposed to
    feel and that is dysfunction and that's our country
    right now.
13
              So I want to, I just want to make you aware
     that that's how I received that and I am just shaking
    because I am sick of George Bush saying these things
     that if we dissent we are not patriotic and that is not
     true, because patriots, this room is filled with them
     and these are important issues about the future of our
19
     country.
              Anyway what I want to say, thank you, that
20
     this entire discussion of the environmental impact of
     the Lawrence Livermore Nuclear Laboratory, this whole
     discussion is a weapon of mass distraction. We don't
                                                              18/02.01
     want anymore nuclear weapons. Neither we nor any other
     nation needs them. We don't need anymore nuclear waste 19/22.02
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in our communities. Past damage by Lawrence Livermore 20/23.01 Labs is horrible, at the very least questionable, and your comment earlier, I guess I am going to say something to you, your comment earlier just rang, just kept repeating in my head: We have investigated many, many accidents. That is all I had to hear. That terrified me. I don't care if they are little, they 21/25 06 are big, they are accidents and the potential for 9 accidents is great. 10 But this discussion is more than about just nuclear pollution and local damage. It is about the way we think and the we way feel and how we act as a 12 nation and as individuals. To quote congressman Dennis 13 Kucinich, whom you all know, if we as a nation do not 14 go around the world taking as we please, killing as we 15 please and disrespecting others as we please, then we 17 shall never have need to fear any attack. 18 The current nuclear arms race is the direct result of the world's well placed and justified fear of 19 the US capacity for violence and aggression. The US 21 has over the last 50 years or more interfered in 22 governments around the world supporting coups of leaders, most recently Haiti and Hugo Chavez in Venezuela. We install despots to support the enslavement and murder of their own citizens and the Page 21

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theft of their nations' resources in order to ensure US
    corporate profit and their own greed. Millions upon
    millions of people have been killed in this pursuit.
    It is hard to resist taking a shot at the mob in the
    White House. They are not unlike a crime mob. The
    White House conducting their war for profit, which is,
    in legalese, mass murder. In Iraq there are threats on
     Syria, Iran and North Korea what else would the world
     believe than that there is, in fact, a grave and
     growing danger from the United States. Depleted
    uranium bombs are the gift that keeps giving and giving
     and giving, cancer, deformity, illness and suffering,
     and it's happened here in our country.
14
              MR. BROWN: One minute remaining.
15
              MS. MOYER: The Bush/Cheney regimes desire to
     create more nuclear weapons is at its core criminal and
     treasonous. This proposal is provocative and as such
     is designed to terrorize the rest of the world while
                                                              22/01.01
     demanding other countries disarm, except of course,
     Israel, and this is insane. A proposal to develop more
     and more hideous nuclear weapons is not only myopic, it
     is indefensible, ignorant and cruel. This will only
     result in escalating nuclear proliferation. Bush's
     incompetency is a minor issue. We should all be
     demanding immediate impeachment and prosecution. It is
                                                               Page 22
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the right and responsibility of American citizens to
     exercise their right to protect themselves and others
     and to stop the horrors of absolute power and treason.
     It may only be matter of time until the rest of the
     world calls a Summit to decide what to do about this
     government and its aggression. It may not result in
     the bombing of the US or even the use of nuclear
     weapons on us. It may only be an embargo. If that
     happens we will be without basic needs like shoes,
10
     clothes, appliances without the tchotchkes we so love
11
     to buy and without even tires in which to drive our gas
     guzzlers. We would especially be without oil which
12
     drives the murderous US corporate driven criminal
13
14
     aggression.
15
              MR. BROWN: If you can make just one more
16
     point, please.
17
              MS. MOYER: I want to quote more thing from
     Dennis Kucinich, we are not victims of the world we
18
     see, we are victims of the way we see the world. Peace
19
     is possible.
20
21
              And what I would like to implore you to do at
     this point is to support legislation in the House of
22
     Representatives, HR 1673 which creates a cabinet level
23
     US department of peace which addresses all these
     issues, interjects the possibilities and prevention of
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peace in all of our decisions. I think we have hit our
    individual and national moral bottom line. I mean, we
    have just about had it and I want to say this one thing
    and this is to the panel.
             I urge all scientists, all researchers, all
    government employees to simply refuse to work on any
    project that increases nuclear arms. We must refuse to
    be complacent in any further US violence. The more of
    you who refuse, the more others will refuse. The
    choice, as Martin Luther King said, is no longer
    between violence and non-violence, it is either
    non-violence or nonexistence. Thank you.
13
             MR. GRIM: Excuse me, just a second. She used
14
    about three minutes sort of talking about the comment
    process and I just want to say, we have time, we will
    get through all the comments, you use your time as you
    see fit for whatever you want to say about the project,
    so if you want, you know, two more minutes, I think you
19
     used up some of it in sort of a non-comment. I don't
    see why not, but, but there is -- I just want to make
21
    it clear, we will get to everybody. I think what do we
    have, 20, 25, 30 more people?
23
              MR. BROWN: Yeah, about 30 more. Yeah.
             MR GRIM: So we will stay here and get all
    the comments. Just so you understand, because there is
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talk about personal communication, if you talk to me
     out in the hallway, I'm not recording that as a
     comment. So you have to sign up to get the comment. I
     just want to be clear on the process. I don't want to
     get off track.
              MR. BROWN: All right. Okay. Thanks.
              MS. MOYER: I just want to say we are all
     human beings. We are all living here together. We
     don't fault anybody at Lawrence Livermore Labs
10
     personally. We have families, we need jobs, we have
     trained for these special areas. We just have to
      change our hearts about what we are doing and somebody
     has to lead us and take a stand. You just have to take
14
     a stand. I mean, at some point we have to stop this
1.5
     craziness. And I really think the department of peace
      is really a wonderful place to start doing this. Thank
17
      you.
18
              MR. BROWN: I don't want to take any extra
19
      time. Let me offer a ten second comment. I was not
      suggesting that issues of morality should not be
21
      brought up here. I was simply reflecting about 20
      years of experience in running meetings like this and
 23
      when members of the public engage in sort of
      confronting Department of Energy folks in what should
      be a dialogue in a meeting where you have several
                                                              Page 25
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hundred people in attendance, it really doesn't promote
    the type of communication and such that can actually
    lead to some better understanding. I was simply
    suggesting if you want to engage in that type of
    dialogue, that that's probably better done one on one.
    If you want to discuss issues of broader morality, it's
    been done this afternoon. This is the proper venue for
     that and if I offended anybody, I apologize for that
     and I should hasten to add that I am not a
     Department of Energy employee, so if there was a fault
    here, it is mine, it is not theirs. So thank you and
    our next speaker.
13
              MS. CABANNE: My name is Donna Cabanne. I am
     a 4-year resident of Livermore. I am a public school
     teacher and I am speaking on behalf of the Sierra Club
16
     tonight.
17
              The Sierra Club is vehemently opposed to the
     ten-year operations plan for Livermore Laboratories.
     The plan is dangerous and unnecessary. It will
     continuously put our health, our environment, our
                                                              23/04.01
     agriculture and our community at intolerable levels of
     risk for years to come. The plan is simply
     unacceptable. Let's start with the dangers from
     tritium. The Lab claims tritium releases have declined
     in the last ten years. If that is true, why do
                                                              24/18.01
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Livermore groundwater wells show higher than normal amounts of tritium? Livermore is part of a closed water basin. We depend on our deep wells for water. What are the current levels of tritium in the water aguifers and in all the deep wells located in the Livermore valley? Were wells in the greater community 24/18.01 tested or monitored for tritium levels? When was the cont. last testing? How frequently were wells located away from the Lab tested? Were all significant sources of water tested for tritium regardless of the distance 10 from the Lab? Have known plumes tested higher or lower 11 for tritium levels? Is it true that tritium levels in 12 Livermore wines are three times higher than those of any European wines? Is it true that because of these 14 high tritium levels, Livermore wines are difficult to 15 25/16.01 sell in Europe because the wines fail to meet minimal 16 European health standards? Europeans don't have to 17 18 drink wine with high tritium levels, but we do have to drink Livermore water. Instead of putting more tritium 19 at the Livermore Lab, we urge the Lab to use their 20 26/24.03 scientific experts to help us clean up the tritium tainted soil and water that already exist in this 22 23 valley. Increasing the plutonium at the Lab to 3300 24 27/08.02 pounds is absurd and dangerous. Instead of adding Page 27 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	plutonium, the DOE should be removing all existing	
2	plutonium to a more secure site that is not surrounded	27/08.02
3	by a City of over 75,000 people. The real dangers	cont.
4	posed by theft or terrorists are insurmountable.	
5	Livermore lacks the high security protections that	
6	other sites have which makes Livermore an easy target	
7	for any group bent on destruction. Before September	
8	11th, no one thought a plane could be used as a weapon.	
9	Let's not ignore the risks that exist with wishful	28/30.02
10	thinking or hide behind so-called effective ratings	
11	that the Lab says they have. We all know there have	
12	been serious breaches of security at the Livermore Lab.	
13	This is simply not the facility to keep even existing	
14	plutonium. Consolidate the plutonium at another site	
15	for the safety of this nation as well as the safety and	29/08.01
16	the environment of this community.	
17	Finally, please consider that Livermore has	
18	the dirtiest air basin in the Bay Area and despite	
19	efforts to clean it up, we are ranked as the 8th	
20	dirtiest air basin in the nation. Our children and our	
21	elderly suffer from significantly high asthma rates.	
22	We don't need more accidental releases into the air no	
23	matter how small the Lab claims these releases are.	30/25.05
24	Just what are the current asthma rates of children	30/23.03
25	living in Livermore? Are there more cases of asthma in	
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children detected that live closer to the Lab? Do Livermore children have more lung problems, diseases 30/25.05 and allergies than children in communities without cont. labs. Without answers to these pressing safety, health and environmental issues, it would be unreasonable to move forward with this plan. We are not interested in fact documents or EIR's that try to whitewash the inherent dangers of housing even more plutonium or tritium at the Livermore Lab. Speaking on behalf of the Sierra Club, as a 11 31/03.01 teacher who works with children with high asthma rates 12 13 and a resident of Livermore for 24 years, I urge you: Don't waste taxpayers' money on continuing to study a site that cannot be adequately secured from the real 15 threat of terrorism. The stakes are too high. Move 16 these bomb making materials out of the area and 17 consider alternative research at the Livermore Lab. 19 Thank you very much for your time. MR. BROWN: Suzanne Keehn to be followed by 20 21 Leah Steinberg. MS. KEEHN: Hello. I am Suzanne Keehn from 22 23 Palo Alto. I, too, feel that our country has become morally bankrupt. Yesterday I read a heart-rendering report on depleted uranium which I know many of you Page 29 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS

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know about, and it is one of, from what I understand,
    the by-products of nuclear waste that we don't know
    what to do with.
             What I don't understand -- even if we don't
    care about anybody else in the world, that we will send
    our young men and women into a battle or into an area
    where we know they are going to come back and be
    poisoned. So yes, I do think that, I do feel that we
    are saying that other countries can't have this, but we
    can build more. And I think it is also proven that any
    weapon that has been made has probably been used.
12
              We humans now have the power to end all life
    on earth as we know it through nuclear weapons,
    depleted uranium, nuclear power plants and nuclear
15
    waste is just as dangerous.
16
              As a mother and a grandmother I am pro life,
17
    but that is pro-life on earth, all life.
18
              I pray that we make the choice to live. We
     know that our native American elders tell us that every
     decision we make should be made with a good of the 7
     generations of the children coming after us. The earth
     is in crisis and we as humanity are also, but because
     we are in denial and we believe, we are separate, not
     all of us, but still too many of us; but at a
     subconscious or unconscious level everyone knows that
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we must change. We must make a choice. Economics
    needs to change and it can, it is just the will and the
    creativity and the believing what is possible. You may
    already be doing environmental research here, but all
    the resources of this lab -- nobody needs to lose a
    job, could be used as others have said, to clean-up the
                                                             32/07.01
    earth, air and water and to create the sustainable
    technology and businesses that will go to make this
    earth someplace wonderful to live instead of the
    destruction that we're seeing now. We are playing a
10
    destructive and dangerous game. We can choose to play
11
    one that is life-giving and life-sustaining. If we can
     imagine it, we can do it; if we have the will, we will
13
14
     do it.
              MR. BROWN: Thank you. Leah Steinberg and
15
     Jerry Smith is next.
16
              MS. STEINBERG: My name is Leah Steinberg and
17
     I refer to myself, I guess, as a child of the Manhattan
18
     project. My father and my uncle worked on the
19
     Manhattan project in Chicago at the metallurgical
     laboratory and I would like to read a petition that
21
     was -- I used to have these arguments with my father
22
     growing up. How could he work on the bomb, et cetera,
     and he died in 1991 and in about 1996 I was looking on
     the internet, put his name in the computer just to see
                                                              Page 31
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what might come up and found a petition that was
    declassified in 1995 that I or none my family knew
    anything about and I'm just gonna read it.
             July 17th, 1945. A petition to the President
    of the United States. Discoveries of which the people
    of the United States are not aware may have affect the
    welfare of this nation in the near future. The
    liberation of atomic power which has been achieved
    places atomic bombs in the hands of the Army. It
    places in your hands, as commander in chief, the
    fateful decision whether or not to sanction the use of
    such bombs in the present phase of the war against
    Japan. We the undersigned scientists have been working
     in the field of atomic power. Until recently we have
14
     had to fear that the United States might be attacked by
     atomic bombs during this war and that her only defense
     might lie in a counter attack by the same means. Today
     with the defeat of Germany, this danger is averted and
     we feel impelled to say what follows. The war has to
     be brought speedily to a successful conclusion and
     attacks by atomic bombs may very well be an effective
     method of warfare. We feel, however, that such attacks
     on Japan could not be justified, at least not unless
     the terms which will be imposed after the war on Japan
     were made public in detail and Japan were given an
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opportunity to surrender. If such public announcement
    gave assurance to the Japanese that they could look
    forward to a life devoted to peaceful pursuits in their
    homeland and if Japan still refused to surrender, our
    nation might, then, in certain circumstances, find
    itself forced to resort to these atomic bombs. Such a
    step, however, ought not to be made at any time without
    seriously considering the moral responsibilities which
    are involved.
             The development of atomic power will provide
10
    the nations with new means of destruction. The atomic
11
    bombs at our disposal represent only the first step in
    this direction and there is almost no limit to the
13
    destructive power which will become available in the
     course of their future development. Thus, a nation
15
     which sets a precedent of using these newly liberated
16
     forces of nature for purposes of destruction may have
17
     to bear the responsibility of opening the door to an
18
     era of devastation on an unimaginable scale.
19
              If after this war, a situation is allowed to
20
     develop in the world which permits rival powers to be
21
     in uncontrolled possession of these new means of
     destruction, the cities of the United States as well as
23
     the cities of other nations will be in continuous
     danger of sudden annihilation. All the resources of
                                                               Page 33
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the United States, moral and material, may have to be
    mobilized to prevent the advent of such a world
    situation. Its prevention is at present the solemn
    responsibility of the United States singled out by
    virtue of her lead in the field of atomic power. The
    added material strength which this lead gives to the
    United States brings with it the obligation of
    restraint and if we were to violate this obligation,
    our moral position would be weakened in the eyes of the
    world and in our own eyes. It would then be more
     difficult for us to live up to our responsibility of
    bringing the unlistened forces of destruction under
13
              In view of the foregoing, we the undersigned,
14
     respectfully petition first that you exercise your
     power as commander in chief to rule that the United
     States shall not resort to the use of atomic bombs in
     this war unless the terms which will be imposed upon
18
     Japan have been made public in detail and Japan knowing
     these terms have refused to surrender; second, that in
     such an event the question whether or not to use the
     atomic bombs be decided by you in light of the
     considerations presented in this petition as well as
     all the other moral responsibilities which are
     involved, signed by Leo Selard and 69 co-signers
                                                               Page 34
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including my father and I just want to say that we had enough when the first bomb was made. We don't need to 33/02.01 make anymore nuclear bombs. We have enough to blow up the planet as many times as we want and in my father's name, Ellis P. Steinberg, who was a member of Atomic Energy Commission for his entire professional life, I just want to resubmit this petition and maybe, since it wasn't heard the first time by President Truman, maybe it will be heard this time and I just hope that the scientists at the Livermore Lab who have the dedication 11 for science and discovery and the use of good things, 12 that they will help, instead, to not continue to tear 13 apart the atom, but to help put it back together. 14 15 MR. BROWN: Jerry Smith, Marlene Candell is 16 next. 17 MR. SMITH: Jerry Smith. I live in Livermore across from the Lab. I expect to get a lot of red flags and most of the remarks or comments have already 19 been discussed by the Sierra Club so I am not prepared 20 to enhance that at all; but, I believe that all the 21 security issues at the Lab have not been told to us. 34/30.02 There has been a lot of incidents, a lot of badges lost, misplaced that would gain access to terrorists or people with no good in their hearts. There have been Page 35

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too many of these incidents, so far, that I think it is
                                                              34/30.02
    not right. And so the security issue is more on my
                                                               cont.
    mind than most of these other things. If we didn't
    experiment and manufacture or whatever, we would get a
    lot of good things from the products and projects from
    the Lab.
              Now, I am not an advocate for nuclear
     weaponry, but if we don't do it and if we don't help
    make it a little cleaner, if you might, or smaller
    effects, then Hiroshima or Nagasaki, I think that's
11
    good.
              Forgive me, I lost the train.
13
              There is a lot of good projects out there and
    if we don't do some research on nuclear weaponry,
     somebody else is going to and I know you don't believe
     that, and it will raise flags, but someone is going to
                                                              35/02.01
     do it and I think we have to be prepared to fight them
     off -- not -- we don't want to go in there the first
     time and use the nuclears, but I think it is somewhat a
     deterrent, just like the death penalty might be and
21
     maybe not. More red flags, that's good. I saw too
     many green the whole evening, so I like to see a little
     red out there too -- but that is okay. But that's my
     opinion and I support a lot of what the Lab does, even
     though I live across the street from it, I guess if
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it's gonna go up in my backyard, unfortunately, I would
    rather sit on it than be several miles away and do some
    suffering.
             MR. BROWN: You have a minute left to see how
    many more red flags --
             MR. SMITH: Okay. Yeah. I don't want it in
    my backyard either. It is too populated. I think
     there is other areas of the country that some of this
     stuff could be accomplished. I lived in Las Vegas for
     many years and I did frequent the Nevada Test Site,
10
     portions of it, because a lot of it is really
     classified like what's over here, but I've seen the
     effects of the craters that were done by nuclear
13
     explosions underground and all, but we have benefited
14
     from a lot of the stuff from the Lab, maybe not
15
     nuclear, maybe some of it has progressed into something
17
     that we do benefit from. I know, what? I am not a
     scientist. I am just a common Joe that lives here
18
19
     and -- trying to make a living and raise a family and
     have safe surroundings. So, okay.
20
21
              MR. BROWN: Okay. Thank you. Okay, Marlene?
     And Jean DeVinney is next.
22
              MS. CANDELL: I am Marlene Candell. I am from
23
     Berkeley. I have been following these issues for about
    20 years.
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I am going to say too, I guess two words I
    want to start out with are both words starting with P.
    One word is pathetic. The other word is premise.
    Okay. I suddenly, finally after many years become a
    grandmother of seven grandchildren in seven years so I
    see this coming from another generation besides my own
    and what I see is I see these parents, and I know of
     those of you with children and grandchildren see this
    all around you every day, these parents are so
    concerned with their children. They are concerned they
    get the right health food. Think are concerned that
     the house is baby proofed. Have you all run into baby
    proofed houses. They are concerned to walk their
    children to school lest someone will snatch them on the
    way even if they live next door to the school. My
    children are those kinds of parents and I know that you
17
     know those kinds of parents too.
18
             Then you think what are the real dangers
     surrounding these kids? What are the real big dangers?
19
     Dangers of work and destruction and what one nuclear
    bomb can do. The bomb at Hiroshima was a teeny weeny
    little thing, compared to what we have got now. And it
     was only one country that had them.
24
              So that brings me to my other P and that is
    premise. The whole premise of what we are talking
                                                         36/01.01
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about here is wrong. We are talking -- our country has signed onto a number of treaties, one of the best and most wonderful is the Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty, Article 6 states and I don't have the direct words in front of me but you can look it up, that all the signatories to that treaty will, in a timely manner, 36/01.01 get rid of nuclear weapons. That treaty was signed cont. several years ago. What are we planning here at Livermore? What are we planning within increased plutonium, increased tritium, increased biological 10 agents we are going to be experimenting with? Our 11 President has said that we have the right to, I think it is another P word, to go in there and prevent, you 13 know, prevent another country that is even thinking 14 about using weapons of mass destruction, to prevent 15 them before it starts. It reminds me of when I was 16 teaching high school, the play Julius Cesar, the big 17 point was they thought Julius Cesar was thinking about 18 changing the government so they were going to kill him 19 20 first. Okay. I could go on and on, I know most of this has 21 been talked about. I just want you to really think 22 about the premise we are talking about here. I think we should forget about the environment. I think the 37/04.01 environmental review, I don't want to call it a red Page 39 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	hearing. I know they are concerned things should be	
2	safe if they go head with these projects but I believe	
3	the premise is wrong and these projects should not be	
4	gone ahead with. Just the very, you know, enhancing	37/04.01
5	the readiness to conduct underground nuclear tests	cont.
6	thereby encouraging other countries to regress to an	
7	area of unrestrained nuclear testing?	
8	Planning to test technologies for producing	1
9	plutonium pits with the eventual ability to produce 900	
10	bomb cores a year. The approximate combined nuclear	
11	arsenals that is of China and France in one year. Five	38/37.01
12	billion dollars a year over the next decade has been	39.01
13	planned, five billion a year on nuclear research and	
14	development testing and production to say nothing of	
15	biological and aerosol, you know, all those things.	
16	So	•
17	MR. BROWN: One minute left.	
18	MS. CANDELL: If nothing else, as some of you	I
19	people have pointed out, the danger of having all this,	
20	even if you were for continuing nuclear R&D and	
21	producing more bombs and more defense, even if you were	37/04.0
22	for that, we are on an earthquake fault and as some of	cont.
23	the other people have pointed out, we are exposed to	1
24	terrorists, we are exposed to accidents on the freeway.	
25	It is totally unsafe for these new materials to be	
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coming here that we are talking about, the plutonium, the tritium, the aerosol biological agents. So I 37/04 01 really think that this environmental impact situation cont. has to be totally revised to keep it safe for us. 4 Thank you. MS. DeVINNEY: My name is Jean DeVinney. I don't have anything as eloquent as many of the other speakers but certainly I support many, many, many of the things said today. I live in Oakland and have been, I am a nurse and, you know, we are already poisoning ourselves with our air, our water and our food from other chemicals that we have in the air, the 12 water and the food, but to put more chemical and more 13 agents into the environment such as we are talking 14 about is incredulous to me that this government would 16 consider doing that. I guess it shouldn't be incredulous. I just, I feel like there is a disconnect 17 between a meeting like this and what's going to happen because I don't have any faith that anything that is 19 37/04.01 said from the communities that have these projects 20 cont. will, in fact, really be given any kind of serious 21 consideration because the decision really has already 22 been made. There may be a few alterations but I don't think it will change and I think the only way that this 24 is going to get any different is for more people to Page 41 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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believe that yes, the government does do things that
                                                             37/04.01
    are not in your best interest.
                                                              cont.
              And this is certainly an area, it may have
    started out in 1952 being out in the boonies, but it is
    no longer out in the boonies and it doesn't belong here
    and it should be gotten rid as far as any kind of
    nuclear research out here. There is great research
     that can be done, people can have their jobs, but we
     need to really stop what's going on and I just honestly
     don't -- I mean I know you have to go through this
     process and it is very kind of you to sit here and
     listen to this, but I honestly don't think our
     government is responsive.
14
              MR. BROWN: Okay, thank you. Daniel Graf.
     Daniel, you are next.
16
              MR. GRAF: Thank you for giving us the
     opportunity to present comments tonight. I have never
17
     given a talk about something like this in public so I
     am not even that well prepared. I wrote down some
     comments while I was listening to other people speak.
21
     Basically, I am just speaking from my heart, but I do
     believe that preventing the use, development and even
     the existence of nuclear weapons should be the highest
                                                              39/02.01
     priority of our leaders. Nuclear development programs,
     whether national or local in scope should be discussed
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openly and frequently by our leaders including the
    government, including all the agencies, including
     congress, including the media. This should be part of
    our national dialog and where is it happening? It is
    not really part of our national consciousness right
    now. To me something as serious as this where life on
    the planet is at stake you would think that there would
    be a lot of attention given to it and we are talking
    about it tonight but hopefully it will have greater --
10
     it will, you know, we will see the discussion grow, I
11
     sure hope it does.
12
             I think that the dangers of nuclear weapons
     should be discussed even with the youth because not to
14
    do that is to bury our heads in the sand. It is a
     reality of the world that we live in, so they should be
15
     educated and I hope that you would be prepared to give
     a talk at a high school to talk about this to see how
18
     they might feel about having something like this in
19
     their community.
20
              As long as the existence of nuclear weapons is
     not discussed, at least on a national level, then
21
2.2
     really their use becomes ultimately more likely over
23
     time.
24
             And I really shudder to think of what the
     world might look like in the future if nuclear weapons,
```

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1	even if there are mini nukes or whatever kind of weapon	
2	they end up being, but what is our world, our future	
3	going to look like if they are ever used and it could	
4	actually happen in our life time on our clock. I mean	
5	the potential exists and I think that we have to take	
6	that very seriously.	
7	I have never met anyone liberal or	
8	conservative that told me that we needed more weapons	
9	on the planet. I have never met a person that told me	
10	that more resources should go to weapons than to	
11	schools or to education. So I think what we really	
12	need and has been reflected in a lot of the comments	
13	tonight is a reality check. We should not be making	
14	nuclear weapons more usable as the administration has	
15	talked about in the past. I think that we need to set	39/02.0
16	an example as a country so that other countries don't	cont.
17	consider the use of nuclear weapons. I mean,	
18	otherwise, what kind of a case do we have?	
19	But getting directly to the point of your	
20	topic tonight, in terms of health and safety, we talked	
21	about the latent cancer risk. Some of the numbers	
22	appear to be low in your analysis; but, I did notice	40/23.0
23	that for workers safety the numbers actually reflected	
24	a 700 percent increase in latent cancer deaths for	
25	workers on the project and I do also think that more	
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research needs to be done in terms of the aggregate risks from exposure to radiation and some of the other toxins that might occur in this type of an environment. 40/23.02 Science is now starting to look at aggregate risks cont. rather than just isolated risks as it pertains to exposure to dangerous and hazardous materials. Of course there is the earthquake risk. This area is obviously known to have earthquakes. It is not out of the realm of scientific possibility within a 10 generation to have a 7 point 0 earthquake right here. 41/14.01 It could happen right here or it could happen 30 miles away and I would like to know is the Lab prepared for 13 something like that? 14 MR. BROWN: One minute left. MR. GRAF: And another issue raised in 16 someone's comments more recently was the possibility of accidents on the freeway. This is a much more populated area than it was when Lawrence Livermore was 18 19 first developed and constructed. So are we really able 42/25 10 to deal with that? Is that inevitable that at some point there is going to be an accident in a populated area o during rush hour, whatnot. So I think maybe 2.3 that should be receiving a lot more attention here and in other places where nuclear research is occurring and that is all I have to say. Page 45 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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MR. BROWN: All right. Thanks very much.
             We have been running two hours now and the
    court reporter is putting in over time this afternoon.
    So we are going to take about a seven to ten-minute
    break, give him a little chance to let his fingers
    recover. You all get a chance to stretch and we will
    reconvene in seven to ten minutes and get on with the
    rest of our comments. Thanks very much.
              (Short recess)
10
             MR. BROWN: I think our first speaker is Bob
11
    Gould, if you are ready. I think the crowd is ready.
12
             MR. GOULD: Sure.
13
             MR. BROWN: I think I said in the introductory
    statements, if you will use that microphone and
    identify yourself and if you have an organizational
16
    affiliation.
17
             MR. GOULD: Can you hear me okay?
18
             MR. BROWN: We still have 20 people to go. So
    I am asking people to restrict themselves to five
20
    minutes. I will give you a warning at four minutes.
    If you have a longer written statement you can hand
    that to Tom there and that would be reviewed. Thanks.
23
    Okay Bob.
24
             MR GOULD: My name is Bob Gould. I am here
     representing both the San Francisco Bay Area Chapter
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Physicians for Social Responsibility which I have been President of since 1999 and as well as I am immediate past President of National PSR. PSR represents 30,000 physicians, health providers and health professionals from around the country and from its inception we have essentially focused on stopping the dangers of nuclear war and providing a healthy environment all of which is connected with the issues we are discussing here tonight. I apologize to people. I know I was called 10 here earlier. I have been working as a pathologist in Kaiser Hospital in San Jose for the last 23 years and 11 it is always interesting to me to show up in places like this because I have been spending whole day in a 13 microscope making diagnosis about cancer trying to get this out to patients so they can get the information in time to get chemo and radiation therapy based upon diagnosis. It is a lot of hard work but you get a 17 sense of giving service to people who actually suffer 18 from the cancers that these plans in all of their 19 manifestations all of the actions are going to lead to 20 increase the amounts of cancers despite the fact it is 21 hidden and very blithely dealt with in the report as 22 latent cancer, latent cancer fatalities. A very euphemistic way to deal with what a really dangerous situation is for all of us. So when I have to deal 43/02.01

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1 2	with the three different possibilities that we are offered within this rather strange lovian menu I would	
3	say that we would favor a reduced operational	43/02.0
4	alternative, but only, and only if this is a pathway to	cont.
5	shutting down the nuclear weapons operations in this	00114.
6	lab.	
7	This is a goal of numerous medical and health	I
8	professional organizations around the country not only	
9	Physicians For Social Responsibility, International	
10	Physicians For The Prevention of Nuclear War, The	
11	American Medical Association, The California Medical	
12	Association, The American Public Health Association and	44/01.0
13	The American College Of Physicians. All of these main	
14	stream physician and health professional organizations	
15	have joined with many military and political leaders to	
16	say we should be abolishing nuclear weapons in line	
17	with our treaty responsibilities under article 6 of the	
18	NPT. So we certainly are in opposition to any of the	
19	assumptions of these documents that we need to have	
20	plans that are in line with either stockpile	43/02.
21	stewardship or the very dangerous Nuclear Posture	cont
22	Reveiw of this administration.	!
23	All other, the no action and proposed action,	
24	will increase the real and potential health effects of	45/23.
25	nuclear weapons work anywhere from the predicted small	
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increases in cancer from lab operations to massive health effects that would result including cancer from 45/23.02 the detonation of weapons that a new nuclear arms race cont. is likely to bring to us. Operation should also be scaled back towards elimination because of radioactive contamination from Lawrence Livermore tritium leaks 43/02.01 that have approximated about one million curies cont. plutonium contamination including Big Trees Park. There is no need to add to the radioactive legacy of 10 the Department of Energy, Atomic Energy Commission or military operations that including the period of above ground testing led to anywhere from 70,000 to 800,000 increased cancer deaths either premature or people who 14 will still die prematurely from such cancers. The 15 number doubled if we take in our counterpart testing 16 programs in the Soviet Union. There is no need to add 46/24.01 17 to the legacy of hazardous waste that led Lawrence 18 Livermore Superfund site, a toxic legacy that is 19 referred to in the document as still causing degradation of groundwater which would reportedly 21 increase at no action and proposed action alternatives. 22 The assurances that there is quote no immediate or long 23 term threat to human health from the Superfund 24 contamination is from a medical and public perspective nothing more than self-serving propaganda flying in the Page 49 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	face of modern precautionary approaches to human and environmental health.	
3	MR. BROWN: One minute remaining.	
4	MR. GOULD: Such contamination would add to	
5	the legacy of unaddressed or inadequate cleanup of all	46/24.0
6	DOE sites that were assessed at a cleanup cost of 300	cont.
7	billion dollars although the National Academy of	
8	Science has subsequently said that no cleanup is really	
9	possible for any of these horribly contaminated sites.	
10	So what are the critiques of the proposed action. At a	Ì
11	time of record budget deficits we should not be	
12	increasing the monies for new nuclear weapons	
13	production we should be safeguarding the fissile	
14	materials and the ex Soviet Union sites as well as our	
15	own nuclear weapons site. Tax payers in California	47/03.0
16	will pay 2.2 billion dollars of the 17.2 billion	
17	proposed for nuclear weapons in fiscal year 2005. The	
18	same amount of money we could provide one and half	
19	million children with health care in this state at	
20	263,000 Head Start places for children. We don't need	
21	operations that will double the plutonium limit in this	
22	lab, that would revive the AVLIS Facility, that would	·
23	test technologies for producing new plutonium pits at a	48/04.0
24	time when we have two tons of explosive force from the	
25	nuclear weapons arsenal for every person on earth. We	
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do not need to add plutonium enriched uranium and lithium hydride through various procedures and NIF to our toxic burden and in addition, none of these things should become bind, particularly in a weapons facility with secret lab operations such as the proposed BSL 3 lab and I wanted to close on a number of points that deal with the real dangerous situation that we are facing with this proposal. The proposed action alternative has when favored as allowing the attainment 10 of strategies incorporated in the Nuclear Posture 48/04.01 Reveiw which specifically supports the development of 11 cont. new nuclear weapons for counter proliferation purposes and which is especially dangerous when integrated with 13 the President's foreign national security strategy of 14 September 2002 which would allow the use of such 15 weapons in a preemptive way, lessons we should really be aware of when we look at the present situation in 17 Iraq. These policies as evident from recent wide 18 spread reports chronicling the horizontal proliferation 19 occurring in Dr. Cohn's labs and elsewhere in Pakistan 20 should really be providing us with lessons about we 21 cannot continue to tell the rest of the world that the 22 way to security is by developing new nuclear weapons. Now this Lab in the biological Weapons Lab or 24 49/35.01 the punitive biological weapons lab in this facilities Page 51 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	is certainly dangerous for a lot of the reasons people	
	have talked about. Dangerous organisms can escape. We	
2	know this from the record of Fort Dietrick when	
3		
4	Glanders escaped and certainly over the last few days	
5	when we seen that the highly guarded lab in China that	
6	was researching SARS allowed such organisms to escape. I will be done in a half a minute. But we also need to	
7		
8	be aware of the fact that these programs are extremely	
9	dangerous from the stand point of encouraging a	
10	biological arms race because when we start dealing with	
11	lethal organisms and start dealings with genetic	
12	modification of these organisms the rest of the world	40/25.0
13	is going to think this is an offensive biological	49/35.0 cont.
1.4	weapons programs. So what we do with all of these	cont.
15	programs here in the Lab is both bolster the threat of	
16	biological weapons as well as bolstering nuclear	
17	weapons which themselves under the doctrine account to	
18	proliferation are aimed at the same types of weapons in	
19	other countries. All this means is that we will have	
20	ever escalating arms race which we will never be able	
21	to stop and which is going to continue to decimate our	
22	budgets for the next half century. It is high time for	
23	the talented scientists of Lawrence Livermore and the	
24	Department of Energy to look beyond the excitement and	
25	professional satisfaction accorded by such cutting edge	
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technologies that actually will end up cutting the
    throats of the future of humanity if we continue these
    programs. Far better for the scientists here and
    throughout DOE to advocate for strong inspection and
    verification protocols for strengthened biological
    weapons convention that the force of the delusion a new
    smaller and more accurate nuclear weapons will provide
                                                             49/35.01
      solution. We should shut all nuclear and biological
                                                               cont.
    weapons work down and use the talents of the DOE cadre
    to clean up the messes of the last half century and to
    address more pressing issues like global climate
11
    change. If my hospital practice of diagnosing chronic
12
    disease and cancers slows down a bit, it's fine with
13
14
    me. Thank you.
              MR. BROWN: Our next speaker is Srihari
15
     Namperimal. I think he was here earlier. Are you
16
     still here? We can get back to you. Matthew Liebman.
17
     Good. And Virginia Browning will be next.
18
              MR. LIEBMAN: Hi. It is going to be really
19
     tough to follow, but I'll try. Good evening. My name
20
     is Matthew Liebman. I was born in the East Bay. I am
21
     currently a student at Stanford Law School and I am
22
     concerned Bay Area resident. As an initial matter I
     want to say that it is very inspirational to see so
24
     many people here, so many older people here as well, it
                                                              Page 53
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gives me hope that I can keep my ideals for a little
    bit longer.
             What I would like to do is to introduce a
    different voice into this discussion, a voice that
    often gets lost in the technical details of an
    administrative agency. This is the narrative of a
    survivor of Hiroshima. You could take the position
    that such a personal story is simply irrelevant to the
    supposedly cold objective calculative issues that are
    before the DOE. I think that position is dead wrong.
    I think stories like this are the essence of what
    Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory is about.
             This is the narrative of Akihero Takihashi.
13
    August 6, 1945 I was 14 years old in my second year of
14
    middle school. I was standing in the school yard with
    about 150 other students. Suddenly with a tremendous
     roar, everything went pitch black. At length the smoke
17
    cleared and I could see the school yard again. My
18
     classmates were fallen and scattered all around. The
     school building was a low pile of rubble. The
     surrounding houses had also vanished. For an instant I
21
     thought the whole city is gone. As I came to my senses
     I examined my own body. My uniform was burned to
     shreds. I had serious burns on the back of my head, my
    back, both arms and both legs. The skin of both of my
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1 hands had peeled off and was dangling down in strips,
    revealing raw, red flesh underneath. Pieces of glass
    were protuding from my body in several places.
    Suddenly I was attacked by an unfamiliar sense of
    horror. I saw a line of survivors looking dazed
     dragging their legs wearily and pressing toward me.
    Their peeled arms dangled oddly in front them and their
     clothes were in tatters. Many were virtually naked. I
     couldn't even see them as human. I thought was
     watching a grotesque procession of ghosts. I saw one
     man with hundreds of glass chards piercing his body
11
     from the waist up. The skin of another man had peeled
12
     off his entire upper body exposing a mass of red flesh.
13
     A woman was covered in blood, one eyeball grotesquely
     dangling out of its socket. Next to a mother whose
15
     skin had completely peeled lay a loudly crying baby.
16
     Its entire body burned. Corpses were scattered
17
     everywhere. A dead woman's internal organs had burst
     out on to the ground around her. It was all so utterly
19
     gruesome. A living hell indescribable in words. To
20
     ease the pain I went down to the river dipping myself
      three times. The cool water of the river was to my
      scorched body an exquisite priceless bomb. I am saved
2.3
      and with that thought for the first time my tears
      flowed and would not stop. As I sat there it started
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to rain. The first black rain I had ever seen. Huge
drops that make a big noise when they fell. I just
watched bewildered thinking. Is there really such a
thing as black rain? I waited for it to stop and
started walking home. Once home I collapsed in a coma
and remained unconscious for three weeks. I battled my
burns and disease for a year-and-a-half hovering
between life and death. A Japanese saying goes nine
deaths for one life and that was precisely my
experience. My friends passed from this world with
acute radiation sickness. I have survived these many
years but my right elbow and the fingers of my right
hand except for my thumb are bent and immobile. Keloid
scars remain on my back, arms and legs, the cartilage
in my ears deteriorated from the blood and pus that
collected there leaving my ears deformed. I continue
to grow a black nail from the first finger of my right
hand. I am afflicted with chronic hepatitis. Besides
my liver problem, I am afflicted with numerous other
ailments and cannot help but constantly worry about my
health. While struggling with this frail and damaged
body I have often wondered in despair do I really need
to live with all this pain. But each time I have
 answered, but you have already come so far. And that
 thought has kept me going. Of my 60 classmates I am
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one of the very few still alive. I cannot let the
    deaths of my classmates be in vain. I must be the
    voice conveying their silent cries to the generations
    to come. As a survivor, this is my mission and my
    duty. These ideas are engraved on my heart and I have
     lived to this day repeating such words to myself
     continually. My friends were helplessly sacrificed to
     the atomic bomb without ever reaching adulthood. They
8
    died writhing in agony. Their short young lives
     abruptly ended. Such enormous sorrow, such horrible
10
     frustration. Among humans abilities it is said that
     imagine is the weakness and forgetfulness the
12
13
     strongest. We cannot by any means, however, forget
     Hiroshima and we cannot lose the ability to abolish war
     abolish nuclear weapons and imagine a world of peace.
15
     Hiroshima is not just a historical fact, it is a
16
     warning and a lesson for the future. We must overcome
17
18
     the pain, sorrow and hatred of the past. We must
     conquer the argument that the damage inflicted and the
19
     damage incurred in the name of war were justifiable.
20
     We must conquer the logic that the dropping of the bomb
21
     was just justifiable. We must convey the spirit of
     Hiroshima. The denial of war and hope for the
     abolition of nuclear weapons throughout the world. I
24
     sincerely hope you have understood the spirit of
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Hiroshima. I will always be praying for your steadfast
    efforts and progress towards the abolition of nuclear
    weapons. You can call this defense, I think it is
    terrorism. You can try to paint it green but the color
    that comes through when you scratch the surface is red.
    Thank you.
             MR. BROWN: Virginia Browning to be followed
    by Maureen Hartmann.
             MS. BROWNING: I haven't spoken in a hearing
    about nuclear anything for a long time, but I have a
    lot of anxiety lately so maybe this will make me feel
12
    better.
              That Japanese, the student that he just
13
    mentioned reminds me of the soldiers that are coming
14
    back from Iraq and the ones that are allowed to be
15
     tested with the test that means anything and then to
     have the test results analyzed have found that they are
     poisoned with radiation from supposedly depleted
18
     uranium. So we were -- I grew up in, my name is
19
     Virginia Browning, I probably forgot to say that again.
     I grew up in Utah during the 1950's when they had above
     ground nuclear testing and then in the sixties when
22
     they had huge leaks in the underground tests that were
     not widely acknowledged and a lot of people don't know
     about those leaks which drifted all across the country
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1 and the tests may resume again, so they are saying,
    after a halt, hope beyond hope -- a halt that happened
    in the '90's but now they are saying they may resume
    testing again.
             I guess, yeah, I just wanted to say something
5
    in the beginning of this sort of written thing about
    the lying that they did to us then and that they
    continue to do and I know you told us not to make
    personal comments to the panel but it starts to feel
    here like -- I mean, you know, you say the people that
10
    are really going to have the power to make this
11
    decision are two individuals, but if there are any
12
    people, somebody said, who are profiting from these
13
    things, I mean I wish they would get jobs in video
     stores before they would put the lives of children
15
     including possibly their own at risk by continuing to
16
     work making these weapons. So anyway --
17
18
              Who tells us that it is okay to spread these
     poisons or tells you it is okay? A God? Is this your
19
     God? If you or someone you know finds you have
20
     miraculously created a baby and that baby is found to
21
     say -- have a terminal illness such as cancer or
     painful nerve damage, are you going to stick to your
     guns and say that this child deserved it and the reason
     I'm bringing this up is because a lot people really
                                                              Page 59
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justify this kind of thing by somehow thinking that
    there is some force in the universe that actually gives
    them permission to make these things. Do you believe
    that this child would be working out God's will, a
    punishment, a sort of karma for this life for something
    the child did in another life. What if she starts out
    being a really good kid and that you dare to think that
    it could be in part because of your own nurturing.
    What if this particular child's greatest sin if you so
    wanted to so describe it is a kind of self center
    chattering that takes effects maybe late at night after
11
     she has been required to attend an event with her
     parents and she is trapped in a car with a companion so
    maybe she goes on and on in ways that you first find
     irritating then maybe obnoxious and repetitious, but
     what if that's the worst it gets and otherwise she is
     just a really incredible helpful child. But then what
     if she gets cancer and are you the one that is gonna
     say it's punishment for these late night sins of hers
     or that it is your punishment for not planning better,
     for not creating a situation that was too hard for her
     to resist by forcing her to attend these events?
              Does God give you permission to spread these
23
     around, these poisons? You know the statistics. Young
     soldiers coming back from Iraq now -- I already said
                                                              Page 60
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that part at the beginning. So I can skip it.
             MR. BROWN: You have got one minute left.
             MS. BROWNING: Okay. The soldiers were told
    the same thing as you about ingesting versus breathing
    or about the amount likely to have been breathed yet
    there they are with their poisoned bodies and their
    poisoned wive's bodies something have mixed with their
    wife's loved having been entered and having been
    retained.
9
10
             I have thought it was useless to come here.
    These are your jobs for which you have been trained by
11
    so called science. Funded or not by certain
    benefactors but beyond the eschewability to be truly
13
    objective, some of you should have your doubts but you
    maybe you will keep these things anyway because they
15
    are your incomes and your pensions but yet I had to
     come here. If no one says anything. We too are at
17
     fault. I hope that somehow some among you can decide
18
     to get jobs in video stores before you will put the
19
     lives of yours or other people's children at risk.
20
              MR. BROWN: Thank you. Maureen Hartmann to be
21
     followed by Avaren Ipsen.
22
              MS. HARTMAN: I am Maureen Hartman. I am a
23
     secular Franciscan, which means I try to follow Saint
     Francis of Assisi who would not let his followers bear
                                                              Page 61
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arms. I am going to read a poem and then I am going to
     unpack it with my reflections.
              Victory over devilish incarnation. Nuclear
     weapons are the devilish incarnation of human kind's
     hatred and fear. The only one stronger than them is
     the deity incarnated in flesh rather than in cold metal
     and hatred. Love and its vulnerability overcomes its
    violence. That is the meaning of civil disobedience
                                                              50/32.04
     taking on the suffering of an enduring violent spawn in
    metallic hatred like Jesus who endured the nails on the
     cross. Thus, we hopefully ransom those, the homeless
     and hungry who suffer and die, because the use of
    precious funds to build nuclear weapons swallows up
    monies that could be used to relieve the pain of
    poverty.
16
             And now my reflections, a few reflections. I
                                                              51/01.01
17
    believe nuclear weapons should be banned because they
     are a moral evil in the world. They are an incarnation
18
     or embodiment of hatred of nations for one another.
    They spread violence in society in many ways. First if
     we have them they will be used. The US is planning for
     their use in Iraq. Second they kill without ever being
    used because the billions and billions of dollars spent
                                                              52/03.01
    in their design and creation is diverted from the
    financial need of the hungry and underdeveloped
                                                              Page 62
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52/03.01
     countries and even in the United States.
                                                               cont.
              Third violence begets violence and they are a
     cause of violent criminal acts in the wealthy
     United States because violent examples in adults lead
     to imitation at least in spirit by children and violent
     examples among the leadership lead to violence among
     the followers.
8
              So we can say that they stand on -- that the
9
     stand on defense taken by our Presidential candidates
     are a cause of the growing criminal violence in our
10
     country's population. Adults in Oakland follow their
11
12
     lead by being violent with one another and the children
13
     follow the adults. Thus we see growing violence in the
14
     schools among the young. Thank you.
15
              MR. BROWN: Avaren Ipsen will be followed by
     Gus Schleis.
16
              Ms. IPSEN: Hello, my name is Avaren Ipsen. I
17
     live and work in Berkeley within the fallout radius, if
19
     there is of a catastrophic accident or a terrorist
     attack here in Livermore. I am a Ph.D. candidate in
21
     biblical literature at the GTU, which is the graduate
     theological union in Berkeley and also a lecturer at
23
     UC Berkeley. I feel it's my duty to criticize my
     employer, UCB, who manages the Lab. Thus I have joined
     the coalition to demilitarize education. I specialize
                                                               Page 63
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in eschalological texts of the Bible such as the Book
    of Revelation. Eschalology is the study of the end.
    So you could call me a kind of expert on biblical
    Armageddon.
              The era I grew up in in the '60's and '70's
     was saturated with apocalyptic end of the world dooms
     day scenarios such as in films that terrified me like
     the Planet of the Apes. On The Beach. Omega Man. The
     Last Man on Earth. Soylent Green. The Day After.
     Testament, to name a few. Charlton Heston always pops
11
     into my mind when I think of the end or have nightmares
     about it. The DOE's ten year plan for Livermore brings
    back all of these vivid popular films from my youth in
     the '70's. Are you out there Charlton? Bio warfare
14
    agents, anthrax, Bubonic Plague, botulism, all plan on
                                                             53/04.01
     coming to the Bay Area with its millions of
     inhabitants. Then there is the plan to double the
     amount of on-site plutonium here at Livermore.
19
              Next, pit production and designs for more
     usable nuclear weapons such as mini nukes and robust
                                                              54/01.01
     earth penetrators. Activities that violate
     international treaties. This sounds like a bad '70's
23
     movie I saw at the drive-in as a kid.
24
              But it's a real plan called SWEIS. Or
     site-wide Environmental Impact Statement. This plan is
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to be occurring here on a major earthquake fault line with close proximity to a major metropolitan area. 55/14 01 Please someone wake me up from this nightmare. As a scholar of the end, we liberation theologians pray not for the total annihilation of all life, the end we pray for is the end of violent colonial imperial regimes that refuse to stop trying to dominate the world. I think given the proclivity of our current administration for preemptive or preventive war we need 10 to curb this illegal, immoral nuclear proliferation agenda that I see in SWIES. It is already time to 12 clean up the mess already here and make Livermore a 56/07.01 13 civilian science lab that solves global warming and 14 cures cancer, thanks. 15 MR. SCHLEIS: Hi, my name is Gus Schleis. I am nine and I live in Berkeley. I am in the fourth 16 17 grade at Lacon Elementary. I don't like nuclear 18 weapons. I think they are scary and I also think they are a waste of money. Why isn't there money for -- why 19 isn't there enough money for my school but billions for 57/03.01 21 nuclear weapons? There are schools closing in Livermore. Where is the money? I think it's in the 23 bombs. I think nuclear weapons are scary. 24 I like the idea of fresh, non-polluted snow to play in but not -- but I don't like the idea of being Page 65 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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in a nuclear winter with it snowing ashes. I want a
    future, not a nuclear winter. I live within the
    fallout zone if there is an accident at Livermore. I
    also have a cousin who works on the laser in the labs
    and this report says there will now be plutonium where
    he works. If it is not plutonium, it might be anthrax
    or the plague. If they now have biological weapons at
    the Lab, I am worried about my cousin. I am worried
    about me. In the Bible Jesus said: Blessed are the
    peacemakers. They will see the kingdom of God. It
11
    does not say blessed are the war makers.
              MR. BROWN: Okay. Betty Crosby is next and
    Rebecca Moeller will follow. (Inaudible) And the number
    of people will speak after you appreciate that. Thank
    you very much. Rebecca Moeller? Carolyn Israel? Eva
    Bruner? And Don Larkin is next.
17
              MS. BRUNER: My name is Eva Bruner and I live
    in Santa Cruz and I am part of the Santa Cruz Weapons
    Inspection team. We have a Lockheed Martin where I
    live and we started our organization because of the
21
    weapons of mass destruction problem in Iraq, weapons
    that were never found and guess where most of the
23
    weapons in the world are, in our country.
24
              So, everything that I -- I kept trying to take
    notes and figure out what I was going to say and
                                                              Page 66
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couldn't quite do it and everyone has said everything I
    want to say, but I have one more thing, and that is
     sitting here listening to all of this and realizing
     that two people will make this decision for an entire
    population is utterly unacceptable and I wonder what it
    would be like if one of those people was a mother and a
     grandmother? Would the decision be different? And I
     think that's something to take into account. Why is
     this decision being made? Why are there nuclear
     weapons? Is there a future? Do you think that little
10
11
    girl feels like she has a future? Do your own
     17-year-old children feel like they have a future? I
     am 44 and I don't feel like I have a future. We are
     not naive. We know what we are talking about. We know
     the difference between life and death, creation and
1.5
16
     destruction and we have a choice and our choice needs
17
     to be for peace. Thank you.
18
              MR. BROWN: Don Larkin and Lynda Marin is
19
    next.
              MR. LARKIN: My name is Don Larkin. I am not
     affiliated with any group but I do appreciate
22
     Tri-Valley Cares, Western States Legal Foundation,
23
     others.
24
             I also appreciate you being here, having this
     hearing, but I think that the people who are actually
                                                              Page 67
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making the decision ought to be here to listen to what
    the people are saying rather than intermediaries who
     just get summaries of our comments.
              In five minutes, there is not a lot you can
    say, but I would like to just pick up one part of what
    I really intended to talk about.
             We know from the Nuclear Posture Reveiw that
    the reason that they are trying to add these
    capabilities at the Lab is that the Lab will be
     involved in developing new more usable quote unquote
    nuclear weapons. That being the case, we must take
     into account the effect of these activities of the
    research and development and we must take into account
     the environmental effect of the products of this Lab as
    well. Let's just take one of those effects and that is
                                                              58/01.01
    proliferation. The research and development that they
     propose at this Lab, one of the effects will likely be
     increased proliferation of nuclear weapons. Weapons of
     research and development is the engine of
    proliferation. It is where it begins.
21
              First of all, all technology proliferates
    perhaps especially weapons technology. I suppose at
    one time there was somebody who had invented a machine
     gun and thought he would have it just for him it itself
    but it was a futile hope. At one time we thought we
                                                               Page 68
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could keep the atom bomb secret to ourselves. That was also a futile hope. It doesn't take espionage though that occurs. People see what you are doing, people see the direction of the research, people make their own inferences and much cheaper than what you are doing they come to similar conclusions and develop things independently of you, but the great sums that they are spending in fact will result in a proliferation of 8 similar weapons around the world, more usable weapons. 10 There is also -- contributes to proliferation 11 by example. If we can have nuclear weapons why can't 12 anybody else. In we can develop them, why can't 13 anybody else. That is the logic that will prevail in 59/01.01 14 the world. 15 Back in 1995 after a series of public hearings 16 there was a study released from the 17 Department of Energy on the issue of proliferation. 18 The final study came out in December of 1995 in what is called the National Ignition Facility on the Issue of 19 Proliferation. Predictably, that study came to the 2.0 21 conclusion that NIF would not contribute to the proliferation of nuclear weapons and it rested that 23 conclusion on a few assertions. I want to look at what those assertions were. 24 25 First the main assertion was that the Labs Page 69 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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were not pursuing and NIF would not be used to pursue
    new weapons development. Since it wasn't being used to
    pursue new weapons development it wouldn't contribute
    to proliferation. We now know that is not the case.
             It was also asserted that the Comprehensive
    Test Band Treaty would be in place to prevent test
    explosions and test explosions were necessary to create
                                                              59/01.01
    new weapons. In fact, they claimed that the
                                                                cont.
    experiments at NIF would contribute to the test ban by
    making it possible to monitor the stockpile without
    testing, that is, by making the CTB -- the, making the
    content of test ban more palatable to the Lab. It was
    a kind of trade off, a deal, but we now know that they
    are contemplating possibly resuming testing at the
    Nevada Test Site and we also know that test explosions
    are not necessarily needed to develop new weapons. So
    that assertion goes.
             MR. BROWN: Sorry, one more minute remaining.
18
              MR. LARKIN: It was also claimed that the
    openness at the Lab would let the world see the Lab
     wasn't interested in developing new weapons. Now the
21
                                                              60/26.01
     Lab is no longer open. And it was claimed that
     plutonium would not be used in NIF targets of the
     National Ignition Facility and now they are proposing
     to use plutonium as targets in the National Ignition
                                                               Page 70
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Facility. Given all of these assertions, that all of these assertions have been knocked away, all of the 60/26.01 cont. pillars of that conclusion that the work here does not contribute to proliferations have been knocked away. We need another study. Another study after public comment. We need to reopen this issue in a separate hearing or else in this hearing after a new draft comes out and we need to get at the bottom of this. There is more to be said about this but I think I am running out of time, but the important point is that we don't want 11 just -- I don't want to see in the response to comments 59/01.01 another assertion that these experts will not cont. 13 contribute to proliferation. I want to see an 14 opportunity to comment. I want the rational argument. 15 I want them to deal with the past assertions that they made that turned out to be totally false. Thank you. 17 MR. BROWN: Thanks very much. Our next 18 speaker is Lynda Marin. I also note we have several 19 people coming up following who have spoken in the 20 afternoon and I will just ask since they have already made comments for the record, if they can be reflecting 22 on perhaps abbreviating their comments just a bit to 2.3 allow folks following them who haven't spoken yet to speak in a timely fashion. Sorry to interrupt. Page 71 DAILY CUPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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MS. MARIN: My name is Lynda Marin, I am with
    the Santa Cruz Weapons Inspection Team. And I could
    certainly say among the many points that have been
    brought up here about NIF, for instance, since you
    spoke to it so well a moment ago, that it for instance
    is plagued by technical problems. It is not likely to
    achieve ignition at all. That the cost has
                                                              61/26.03
    skyrocketed. It was estimated at one million now it is
    at 4.2 million according to the JOL. It is difficult
    to accurately foresee the potential environmental
    problems that will result from it, that it emits
    radiological air pollution from the stack in the
    building and also that the NIF accident study doesn't
    account for things other than fatalities. Certainly, I
    have seen illnesses that make a fatality seem
    preferable and some of those illnesses have been
    clearly the result of exposure to nuclear weapons
    industry or nuclear power industry. So those I could
    say were my concerns and the fact is I have ten
19
     thousand other concerns that are like that at about
     that level of generalization or specificity but what
     I'd really like to say more is that as a child growing
    up I was a child, I grew up in the 50's. I was born in
     the 40's. And I remember very early on one of our
     first games as it were was to make bomb shelters
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because the Russians were going to send missiles to us
    and kill us and we did that sort of thing in school all
    the time. We had drills to save ourselves by putting
    ourselves under our desks. And little by little I
    began to think: You know, a bomb is going to be
     stronger than my desk. I just knew that desk just
     wasn't really going to do it. And then when I was
 8
     about nine or ten I began to hear about the problems of
    nuclear weapons and how they didn't -- and also in my
     teens about nuclear waste and the problems that always
10
     concerned me was that no one could say where the waste
     was going and how it would be dealt with and I kept
12
     asking people because I was so concerned in my, you
13
     know, ten, 11 and 12-year-old mind about making a mess
14
     you couldn't clean up. I was always made to clean up
     my messes and whether or not I liked it and I always
     did finally have to do it but it seemed like the people
17
     who made these weapons didn't have to do it or the
19
     logic that they would figure out later how to do it.
     It didn't work if I said later to my parents.
20
21
              So I went through my childhood and my
     adolescence feeling as though they had a privilege,
22
     those makers of bombs and nuclear energy that I didn't
     have and then when I grew up I would understand that
     better and when I came to understand and live into was
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MAD, it was truly MAD, mutual assured deterrents, and I
   thought the people that came up with MAD were joking.
    I thought that the word MAD was a joke, a sort of
    sarcastic way of explaining a crazy thing. But -- and
    amazingly we lived through MAD. But we got to here and
    here seems more mad than ever to me and if problem, as
    many people have said, is that in responding to any of
    these particular points about the EIS, is, in a sense,
    buying into the premises that it is okay to talk about
    the possibility that we really could create these
    nuclear weapons and possibly use them because of course
    you don't make things that you are not eventually
    planning on using and so what I would say -- and this
    is, I guess, the last thing I want to say is: When I
    sit here and I watch you do your job of listening and
    being dispassionate and you have done very well at that
    except for the mention about the movies in the '70's, I
17
    see that you really did respond to that, but other than
18
    that, that you would be the conveyors of this input
     from this group of people to two other people who never
20
     even have to feel our humanity or the intensity of our
     concerns or the reality of our life situations is
     absolutely, totally unacceptable and I feel bizarrely
     complacent, you know, in some kind of immoral act.
              So, having said that, I certainly hope and
                                                             62/31.04
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encourage that this entire plan will be rebrought to
    the public within another framework whereby the people
                                                               62/31.04
    who are making the decisions really do have to listen
                                                                cont.
    to the people who will be affected by the decisions.
    Thank you.
              MR. BROWN: Sasha, is it Sajovic? Okay. And
     Josh Piper will follow.
              MS. SAJOVIC: My name is Sasha Sajovic and I
9
     am here as a representative of Green Law at the
    University of Washington Law School. I have spoken to
10
     some of you already today and submitted some
     information prepared by 20 students at Green Law on a
12
     number of issues raised in this environmental impact
1.3
     statement including waste generation and disposal and
14
     transportation.
15
16
              Me and my colleagues, Josh Piper and Jason
     Morgan are here from Washington about four hours from
17
     Hanford which is the nation's most contaminated nuclear
18
     waste site and Hanford of course was one of the sites
19
     of the first generation of weapons production and
21
     weapons proliferation and watching Hanford and looking
     at the first generation of weapons production and
22
     weapons proliferation we found that there are a lot of
     very important concerns that haven't been addressed in
24
     this document, just a little trip down memory lane. I
                                                              Page 75
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wanted to tell you guys a little bit about a place
    called Chelybinsk. When we were building up our
    arsenal during the cold war Russia was also building up
    theirs and as many of us know they weren't as careful
    with a lot of their radioactive waste, in fact, some of
    it ended up directly in water bodies used by people to
    bathe and drink that they were not aware it was there
    and some of it ended up in a lake called Lake Carashe
    which at point actually dried up, was part of a dust
    storm and affected a great deal of people. Also in
    Russia, the Tomsk facility was subject to an incident
    and I think it is important to note that a lot of
     facilities in Russia were mimics of facilities built
    here using stolen information on how to build those
     facilities. Given the AVLIS and some of the
15
     implications that facility has I think this is very
     important for us to consider and I also think it is
     important for us to consider some of the things that
18
     happened right near our home in Washington during that
     cold war period such as the Green Run which subjected a
     number of people to intentional releases of iodine 131
     which resulted in a great deal of sickness which is
     currently being litigated.
              I also think it is important to recognize that
24
                                                              63/24.01
     the waste production at Hanford resulted in a million
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gallons of high level nuclear waste which have leaked out of their tanks and are in the groundwater on the way to the Columbia River. The legacy at Hanford and at other sites around the country already threatens workers in communities daily. Workers that we are familiar with are the workers over at the high level waste tanks at Hanford who the Government Accountability Project has documented have been subject to vapor exposure and the vapors that they are exposed to are a mix that some 10 people refer to as a witches brew which contains 11 63/24.01 chemicals and radioactive materials. There have been cont. at least 45 exposures in a period of less than two 13 years and people have suffered potentially life 14 threatening consequences including weeping lungs and 15 other really awful sounding symptoms. Communities at risk when wastes are 17 transported include up in Washington for example, a 18 number of native American tribes who have the right to 19 live and fish along the Columbia River and throughout 20 the United States. If these new materials are produced there will be waste consequences that will have to be 22 23 dealt with. The legacy created in the first generation of 64/24.01, 24 22.02 weapons production and proliferation has not yet been Page 77 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS

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1	resolved. This is easy to see from the shuffling that	
2	underlies this document. A careful look doesn't	
3	indicate a very thorough understanding of where all the	
4	waste will go. I know that a number of people have	
5	mentioned Department of Energy could not identify a	
6	location for all of its plutonium once it is produced.	
7	MR. BROWN: One minute remaining.	64/24.01
8	MS. SAJOVIC: Thank you. So I wanted to	22.02
9	conclude my statements with some specific information	cont.
10	that I had the opportunity to look at regarding Hanford	
11	in dealing with just this kind of proposal. There we	
12	did a study at Heart of American Northwest when I was	
13	working there for a few years on off-site waste	
14	disposal at Hanford and what we found was rather	
15	appalling. There were real problems with traceability	l
16	of documents, manifests, other information that would	
17	be vital in the case of an accident and particularly	
18	important in this case and I have mentioned this to the	
19	folks up here is that although Lawrence Livermore was	
20	not one of the sites that we examined Lawrence Berkeley	65/36.0
21	was and Lawrence Berkeley will be sending waste to	
22	Lawrence Livermore if this plan is implemented and one	
23	of the very important things that needs to be	
24	considered is that Lawrence Berkeley has a history at	
25	Hanford a six year history of shipping, what it labeled	
		Page 78
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as low level waste documents and what Hanford buried as low level materials in a low level burial ground and these were actually mixed wastes or what we call in Washington dangerous wastes and so given the history of waste proliferation and the history of contamination of 64/24.01, communities and effects on individuals and the history 22.02 of Department of Energy carelessness or I may even go cont. so far as to say ineptitude in that case. The Department of Energy needs to thoroughly consider the history of the first generation of weapons production 10 as it endeavors to enter a new generation. Thank you. 12 MR. BROWN: Ready to roll? Josh. 13 MR. PIPER: My name is Josh Piper along with Sasha $\,$ and Jason I am from the University of Washington 14 School of Law and we did have a chance to comment this 16 afternoon so I will try to keep this brief. Before I go into kind of what we came here to 17 talk about I wanted to express gratitude and 18 appreciation for all the personal stories, the 19 narratives, poems, expressions of anger, even in the 20 21 arguments of morality about whether anyone should ever be doing any of these things that have been expressed 22 tonight and I am excited to see that tonight because $\ensuremath{\text{I}}$ can't make those arguments tonight because that is not my role here today. My role, our role as law students Page 79

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25	airports. We find that fairly inadequate being the	
24	account small aircraft from a private planes from local	
23	catastrophic event, only goes so far as to take into	68/25.0
22	airplanes, is kind of their main, their large	
21	Second, their accidents scenarios involving	
20	prepared.	
19	least four environmental impact statements they have	
18	have done similar non-proliferation analysis in at	
17	DOE's own history in the last eight or nine years they	
16	document and that is even something that is contrary to	
15	international treaties violations anywhere in the	
14	discussion of proliferation issues, no discussion of	67/01.0
13	the main goals we found it really odd that there is no	
12	weapons world wide. And being, having that as one of	
11	Livermore was preventing the spread and use of nuclear	
10	purposes of the continued operations of Lawrence	
9	EIS. One of the biggest ones was one of the stated	
8	some of the inadequacy we found in surveying the whole	
7	So with that said I will briefly talk about	
6	tonight becomes apparent to the leaders of the DOE.	
5	common sense it's been expressed by so many folks here	00/31.0
4	these faults we make them go back and do analyses and do it again and again and again until hopefully the	66/31.0
3	but rest assured our goals are same. By highlighting	
2	is to point out the failures of DOE in this document,	

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closest of the Lab to three really large commercial airports compounded with the fact that the 68/25.08 probabilities of these accidents are only taken into cont. account as a random accident not as an intended target of say a terrorist organization. 6 Lastly, something I didn't get to express too well this afternoon, is the range of alternatives that have been considered in this document. Basically what they have done is they give you a minimum reasonable 10 amount of activity and that is called the reduced action alternative. The highest level of reasonable 12 activity and that is the proposed action and then the CEQ guidelines require they have a no action 14 alternative which in this case actually involves a lot of actions, supposedly, that have already been 15 69/31.01 16 approved. So what you get is this huge extreme from 17 the maximum allowable to the minimum allowable, three 18 options in between and nothing else and we just think 19 that it's just, it's disconcerting to us that for all the proposed projects, all 20 or some other proposed 21 all you have are the same exact three options we find 22 it hard to believe that even a few of these projects 23 there is not some other point along the way where some of those projects could be analyzed at a lower level and the reason is that it becomes very convenient for Page 81 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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25	similar conclusion that NEPA procedures must ensure	
24	implement the NEPA guidelines and CEQ comes up to a	
23	decided to produce a set of regulations about how to	
22	of that the Council for Environmental Quality has	
21	appropriate consideration in decision making. On top	
20	that an agency needs to give environmental values	
19	by the National Environmental Policy Act which says	70/31.02
18	purpose of having this EIS. EIS of course is mandated	
17	appendixes here and there. Lots of stuff. What is the	
16	is its purpose? It is 2000 pages. Is has got	
15	a minute about what is this EIS supposed to do. What	
14	Morgan I am also with Green Law. I want to talk to you	1
13	MR. MORGAN: Good evening. My name is Jason	
12	MR. BROWN: Thank you. Okay. Jason Morgan.	•
11	to come out with a good agency decision. Thanks.	
10	consider sort of medium points along the way in order	
9	do this again, recirculate a new EIS and really	
8	more so. So we just feel they really need to go back,	
7	want to do and even the proposed action which is even	cont.
6	action which already includes a lot of the stuff they	69/31.0
5	other two options, one is the reduced or the no	
3	by Congress or whatever. So they are left with these	
3	because if they go so far down to the minimal level it is easy to say that it doesn't fulfill mandated goals	
2	harmen if there are for down to the minimal lovel it	

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that environmental information is available to the 70/31.02 public officials and citizens before decisions are made cont. before actions are taken. DOE then makes its own regulations to interpret the CEQ regulations and the DOE comes to the same conclusion that it is DOE's policy to follow the letter and spirit of NEPA comply fully with the CEQ regulations. So what does this EIS do? Does this EIS provide the necessary information to make an informed decision? Let's take one example. Reading through the 10 EIS you can find the passage where it says there is 11 1,014 barrels of TRU waste transuranic waste that need to be shipped out. In order to do this there is 13 71/22.01 section 3.2.2 has the Waste Isolation Pilot Project 14 mobile vendor which will ship the stuff to the Waste 15 Isolation Pilot Project. So how does that happen? What is the first 17 step that happens when they ship this TRU waste. I 18 can't tell you and I can't tell you because the Waste 19 Isolation Pilot Project mobile vendor is categorically excluded which means the Department of Energy has 21 decided they don't have to do a review on that so they 22 made a decision at some point to do that. So I follow the appendix along and I found that it's, the decision was made in a memo between two people, I can't remember Page 83 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	their names now, which is not available to me. So \ensuremath{I}	71/22.01
2	don't know why they made that decision. So is that	71/22.01 cont.
3	going to help me decide how it is that we came to this	cont.
4	decision?	
5	Okay. So let's get beyond that. What about	
6	what are they going to put it in. What are they going	
7	to put the waste in. What is this categorically	
8	excluded vendor going to put the TRU waste in. They	,
9	are going to put it into TRU PACT II containers which	
10	are very nicely outlined in appendix J for us to read.	
11	The problem is that on March 15th of this year the	
12	Department of Energy announced that it was intending to	
13	use TRU PACT III containers, TRU PACT III containers	
14	analysis is not included in appendix J. So again	72/20.05
15	looking at this document I have come to the conclusion	72720.03
16	that well, I don't know what are they using this or	
17	not?	
18	And who is putting it into the containers and	
19	how was that decision made? I don't know. The	
20	document is supposed to provide information for me for,	
21	as we mentioned, two people to decide whether or not to	
22	implement this program and there were some concerns	
23	voiced shortly ago that they don't feel the weight of	
24	the decision that they are making. They don't feel the	
25	weight of the decision on the people that are around us	1
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1 and one of the reasons that they don't feel that weight
    is because the EIS isn't telling them about that
    weight. It is not making clear by what it says in the
                                                              72/20.05
    document what the weight will be on the community
                                                               cont.
    because it hides behind things like minimal impacts,
    negligible effects and ten to the minus 14 LTF's, so --
             MR. BROWN: One minute left.
             MR. MORGAN: Thank you. I just want to say
    thanks for being here and I was really moved by being
     here for the last eight hours and listening to a lot of
10
     people's testimonies and it was very inspirational,
11
12
     thank you.
              MR. BROWN: We now have the patient and
     gracious Bob Russell to be followed with Stephen Kelly.
14
              MR. RUSSELL: I am from up the road. I am a
15
     member of a citizen group, people for a new nuclear
16
     policy. I am also a person from a community of faith.
17
              So I thought I might interject some words of
18
     scripture, perhaps, for some words of hope.
19
              Mene Mene tekel parsin. For the biblically
20
     illiterate and illiterate alike one might ask what do
     these words mean and further what possible bearing
22
     could they have on this EIS hearing. Don't feel bad.
     Nobody knows. Nobody but the prophet Daniel. I won't
24
     go on here with anymore quotes from the scriptures but
                                                               Page 85
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those who are interested might look in the book of
    Daniel, it is chapter five, verse 24 and following. I
    would like to try and put the story in a nutshell. It
    is a story of this most powerful nation on earth in a
    different time, a different place but with many similar
    inferences. In the story the self-proclaimed ruler of
    this kingdom who lost track of his humanity and claimed
    unto himself the power of life or death over his
    subjects has a terrible, shall we say, nightmare. He
    has been partying the night before and at his request
    they profane the sacred symbols of our tradition.
    There is a strange scene in this scripture. No one can
    quite understand his dream of the future and this hand
    comes out of nowhere and writes on the wall. No one
    comprehends it. They can't see it. So he calls for
    the Prophet Daniel. Here I digress. I will get back
    to Daniel.
             Do we see the writing on the wall ourselves?
18
    I wanted to say to the DOE with all due respect and I
    am not sure really what respect is due. Look, we have
    been at this a long time. We, people of faith and
                                                             73/32.04
    others, over ten years ago I was here for a similar
    DEIS concerning the Stewardship, Stockpile stewardship
    program. I kind of just want to say: You guys have no
    credibility. None. This is a sham. It's over. The
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1 game is up. This deception, this cover up, this
    perversity, it is an abomination against humanity,
    against the earth and against God. You are planning
                                                              73/32.04
    mass murder. Do you not know it is already condemned
                                                                cont.
    by the Almighty? What will you say to God on the
    judgment day when we, you, me, all of us, will be held
    accountable for this unspeakable sin?
             Now I know we weren't supposed to address
    anyone personally on the panel but you, Holmes, I asked
    you earlier, I thought isn't it hard to take the
     position of a neutral person and yet still strongly
11
     feel passionately about something and we talked about
     that a little bit. I just want to follow with one last
13
     question: What are you facilitating for your own self?
14
              As citizens of this land, as members of the
15
     human family, we are ashamed of our government. The
     DOE and its offspring, the evil Livermore labs. I will
17
     finish with this quote from another Daniel of our own
18
     age, Daniel Barrigan, who happens to be commenting on
19
     this book of Daniel.
20
              Daniel now turns his attention to the wall and
21
     its text. Mene mene, quote. The days of the king are
     numbered, finished. Tekel, he is weighed and found
23
      wanting.
              Parsin, his king is divided, given over,
 25
                                                               Page 87
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unquote.
             The misuse of the Holy vessels is thus a
    symbol of a larger crime, of apostasy, rejection of
    God. True to the message of the book of Daniel, time
    runs out for every empire of human creation including
    the American -- something more is at stake here and the
    theory concerning the rise and fall of imperial states.
    Something more than a catastrophe at hand, an outcome
    rendered inevitable by greed and violence. Something
    more even than the consequence of high crime, a
     judgment countering the presumption that the high and
    mighty stand outside the law of God. Thank you.
              MR. BROWN: Stephen Kelly and Jo Ann Frisch
13
     will follow.
14
              MR. KELLY: Stephen Kelly, Oakland, human
15
    being on planet earth 2004. Fear or love? Fear
     nuclear love phasing into green lab. Me or we. Fear
17
18
     or love?
              (Playing of a flute).
19
              Survival or thriving, survival -- survival.
     Can we survive as a species? It doesn't help with
     nuclear power, nuclear weapons. Fear or love? The
     choice, we are all on planet earth together this moment
24
     not knowing.
25
              (Playing of the flute).
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Let's choose, let's choose to thrive, let's love, let's survive, let's live this moment not knowing. Thank you. MR. BROWN: Jo Ann Frisch is next and then Marylia Kelley. MS. FRISCH: I am Jo Ann Frisch. I moved to Pleasanton in 1970 and I now live in Livermore. I am also a member of Tri-Valley Cares which stand for Communities Against A Radioactive Environment. Most of what I would say has already been said, but I do have some -- a quick overview I'd like to read through, a 11 few key elements of this site-wide Environmental Impact 12 Statement. Storage of nuclear materials. This plan will more than double the storage limit for plutonium at the Lab. From 1540 pounds to 3300 pounds. It would 15 74/08.02 increase the tritium storage limit from 30 grams to 35 16 grams. Tri-Valley Cares calls on the DOE to 17 deinventory the plutonium and tritium stocks at the 18 19 Lab, not increase them. Plutonium atomic vapor laser isotope 20 separation, otherwise you can call it plutonium AVLIS. This plan will revive a project that was cancelled more 22 75/27.01, than ten years ago because it was considered too 01.01 23 dangerous and unnecessary. 24 This SWEIS, this environmental impact 25 Page 85 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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2	This a scheme to heat and vaporize plutonium and then	a a constitue
3	shoot multiple laser beams through the vapor to	
4	separate out plutonium isotopes. This sounds like	
5	something from a horror movie to me. To do this the	
6	Livermore Lab plans to increase the amount of plutonium	-
7	that can be used at one time in any one project from 44	,
8	pounds to 132 pounds. This is a three fold increase.	
9	Furthermore, the SWEIS states that plutonium	75/27.01
10	AVLIS at the Lab will use a feed stock of powdered	01.01
11	oxides that will first need to undergo processing in a	cont.
12	furnace. Plutonium atomic vapor laser isotope	1
13	separation is an environmental risk and a nuclear	
14	proliferation nightmare. Tri-Valley Cares calls for	
15	cancellation of this project and as an interim measure	
16	for DOE to include an analysis of its proliferation	
17	risks in the SWEIS.	
18	New experiments in the National Iginition	
19	Facility. This plan will add plutonium, highly	
20	enriched uranium, and lithium hydride to experiment in	
21	the National Iginition Facility. Mega laser, it's a	76/26.01
22	mega laser. When it is completed at Livermore Lab and	
23	using these materials in the NIF will increase its	
24	usefulness for nuclear weapons development.	
25	MR. BROWN: One minute left.	
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MS. FRISCH: It will also make the NIF more hazardous to workers in the environment. Tri-Valley 76/26.01 Cares calls for a closeout of the NIF project and cont. termination of plans to use fissile and fissionable materials and lithium hydride in it. Tritium target manufacture at the Lab. I don't have time to read all of this. This will be the 77/34.01 manufacture and packing of tritium targets for the NIF mega laser. There is a new technologies for plutonium 9 pit production. This makes the Livermore Lab the place 10 to test new manufacturing technologies for producing 11 plutonium pits for nuclear weapons. The pit is the softball sized piece of plutonium that sits inside a modern nuclear weapon and triggers its thermonuclear 78/37.01 explosion. I mean, I thought the Cold War was over. 15 DOE doesn't think it's over. The scientists at this laboratory wants it to continue so that they can 17 continue their mad research. Tri-Valley Cares calls 18 for termination of this technology development project 19 at the Lab. Enhancing readiness to resume full scale 20 nuclear tests, we have heard about this today. 21 Tri-Valley Cares opposes enhancing US readiness to 22 79/39.01 conduct full scale tests. And the final thing that is the most near and dear to my heart is this mixing bugs and bombs right here in Livermore. BSL 3 it's called, 80/35.01 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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	that stands for bio safety lab at the third level.	
2	It's also called a bio warfare agent research facility.	
3	This is to develop instruments that can tell us what	80/35.01
4	kinds of bio weapons we have been hit with and the way	cont.
5	that they are gonna do that is to the DOE proposes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6	genetic modification and aerosolizations, that is	
7	spraying, with live anthrax, plague and other deadly	
8	pathogens on the site.	
9	MR. BROWN: If you can submit the remainder of	
10	your comments in writing. I am sorry, you are about	
11	two minutes over now.	
12	MS. FRISCH: Sorry, I waited for several hours	
13	to get up here.	
14	SPEAKER: Stephen didn't take up his five	
15	minutes. Maybe she could take a little more.	
16	MS. FIZRSCH: I would like to know what the	
17	Lab plans to do to protect this immediate community and	
18	the larger community of the Bay Area in case of an	
19	accident. They have a history of accidents of all	
20	kinds tritium in the water, plutonium in a nearby	81/25.04
21	park found in the soils. I could go on and on and if	29.01
22	there is an accident with live anthrax or plague, what	
23	will we do? It won't be 70 years from now before we	
24	reap the consequences of an accident. We would know it	
25	pretty quickly. And what kind of preventative is there	l
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81/25.04. in this SWEIS in case of an accident? And to believe 29.01 there won't be an accident is something I don't want to cont. play with and you shouldn't be playing with either. I am outraged at this. The Cold War is over, we do not need these things to protect and to keep our stockpiles safe while it is being dismantled. This is to use much 82/03.01 needed money that should be used in other places so that we can continue a Cold War mentality of new nuclear weapons, more usable nuclear weapons and it puts us all at dire risk. Thank you. 10 MR. BROWN: Thanks. Marylia Kelley is next to be followed by Loulena Miles. When I am giving you warnings I am not trying to cut you off but we do have 13 fifteen speakers remaining who have waited just as long 14 and I am simply trying to allow them the same courtesy 15 and the privilege that other people had. So thank you. MS. KELLEY: I am Marylia Kelley, executive 17 director of Tri-Valley Cares in Livermore. I live on 18 East Avenue in Livermore and have lived in Livermore 19 since 1976. I am not going to repeat my comments of this morning, but I am going to add a detail in a 21 couple of areas and again we will submit more detailed written comments as well. 23 Folks in the audience may not know that on 24 83/25.07 April 12th, this month, the Defense Nuclear Facility Page 93 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS

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1	Safety Board sent a letter to the head of the National	
2	Nuclear Security Administration, the part of DOE that	
3	is doing this site-wide EIS insisting that the NNSA	
4	explain to them why they are downgrading safety in the	
5	plutonium facility at Livermore Lab and this is based	
6	on a inspection and investigation by the DNFSB that	
7	occurred last month and I just want to read a couple of	
8	things. And this has to do with the accident analysis	
9	and I will just say up front I have read the accident	
10	analysis and the draft site-wide Environmental Impact	
11	Statement and it appears to contain the same	
12	assumptions that the DNFSB is about to weigh in on.	83/25.07
13	The DNFSB reviewed the leak path factor. Leak path	cont.
14	factor means what is going to get out of the building	
15	in an accident. What are the consequences going to be?	
16	And they discussed it in detail it says with its	
17	authors and Livermore Lab representatives and they	
18	found a number of things they called the analysis and	
19	its assumptions unrealistic and inconsistent with	
20	authorization basis documents and facility procedures.	
21	They found, for example, in the way the Livermore Lab	
22	models for accidents that they forgot to include the	
23	radioactivity that would go out the doors when the	
24	employees escape through the emergency exits, so when	
25	you look in the site-wide EIS and some of you guys saw	
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the view graphs and they say well okay, even in a bad accident, hardly any radiation will get out, it is because they forgot to model what happens when the employees leave and by the way having employees leave after an accident is a good thing. So they need to take that into account. The calculations according to the Defense Nuclear Facility Safety Board are based on simply acute scenarios, that is what happens in the course of a fire that lasts 30 minutes. In the SWEIS there is one that lasts an hour and the couple hours 1.0 after that what the Defense Nuclear Facility Safety 11 Board says what about all of the radiation that leaks out in the days that follow. They are not part of the 83/25.07 13 calculations. So of course they didn't find any cont. 1.4 consequences, they simply stopped modeling after a 15 couple of hours. 16 Third, they found that the computer program 17 manual used to calculate this leak path factor, it's called contain, has cautionary notes with regard to its 19 sens tivity analyses on important input parameters. In 21 other words, it warns against garbage in, garbage out. 2.2 Well, the Defense Nuclear Facility Safety Board found 23 that the Lab had not done these sensitivity analyses and therefore they don't know if they are getting Page 95

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garbage out and I would suggest we saw the view graphs
    and that was garbage out.
             As I said the site-wide EIS has these same
    assumptions. It has the same five percent leak path
    factor that the Defense Nuclear Facility Board said was
    unrealistic. Therefore, the Department of Energy must
                                                              83/25.07
    go back and recalculate all of those accidents
                                                               cont.
    scenarios and again, recirculate the document for
    public comment so that we can see how they have been
    redone before finalizing the document.
              MR. BROWN: If you can make your remaining
    points in the next minute.
              MS. KELLEY: I will.
13
              MR. BROWN: Okay thanks.
14
              MS. KELLEY: I want to add something to the
     comments that I and others have already made on the
     proposal to revive the plutonium atomic vapor laser
17
     isotope separation program. I will talk really fast
     and I get extra points for saying it all. I was part
19
                                                              84/27.01
     of that effort to stop that program in 1990 in the late
     '80's and in 1990 when we stopped it. You may recall
     that a number of groups threaten to sue if the
     Livermore Lab ran plutonium in the engineering
     demonstration system without doing an environmental
     impact statement. You may recall that the
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Department of Energy said okay we will do one before we run plutonium in that system. You may recall that you even scoped that environmental impact statement and then Admiral Watkins cancelled the project before plutonium was run in the engineering demonstration system so it had been our belief based on the law, based on NEPA that no plutonium had ever been run in that engineering demonstration system. There has been no NEPA review with public participation. Imagine our surprise when we are reading the draft site-wide 10 Environmental Impact Statement and we find they have decided to run plutonium in that engineering 12 84/27.01 demonstration hardware. What NEPA document? It just cont. calls it a generic NEPA review. Is it a memo to file which can be a single page long? What was the public 15 participation? Well, that document appears to be 16 classified or UCNI, unclassified controlled nuclear 17 information, so we asked to look at it. How adequate was that analysis? Was that an illegal operation. We 19 believe it may have been but we wanted to at least 20 check the adequacy of the NEPA review. We were refused that document. We FOIA'd it, used the Freedom of Information Act. It still hasn't come. I believe that you are out of compliance with the law right now, today, and we want to see that document right away. Page 97

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Thank you.
             MR. BROWN: Once again the court reporter is
    asking if we can take just a brief break for him to
    have his fingers recover. We don't want to miss any
    record, so we will take a maybe about a seven minute
    break or so and we should be able to wrap things up as
    soon as we reconvene. Sorry about that.
              (Short recess)
             MR. BROWN: Loulena Miles is next. Maybe she
    is still out in the hallway.
             MS. BARBER: My name is Rechael Barber. I
11
    have lived if the Bay Area most of my life. I am
12
    speaking, I am not affiliated with any groups. I am
13
    speaking on my own behalf. I have a few questions I
    have from my own notes and also I have some information
    that Loulena Miles provided to me, she is an attorney
     with Tri-Valley Cares.
              First, there are a few points that were
18
     addressed at the beginning of the hearing about first
19
    of all that the plutonium will be secured in vaults and
     I have a note here that the containers, about the
                                                               85/20.05
     containers that it will be secured in, that in March of
     this year DOE filed a formal request to approve a new
     single walled shipping container for radioactive
     transport and it will be a year before the Nuclear
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Regulatory Commission is expected to make a decision on 85/20.05 this and the SWEIS states that the plutonium will be cont. shipped in accordance with applicable NRC standards and the DOE -- what I wanted to know about that is that once that decision is made, once, if it is approved, how long will it take before it will be in effect and how effective are these containers and also about the demolition of the older facilities, how dangerous is that and how will that increase exposure to the people 9 10 that live around the area -- about the worker exposure, 86/23.02 11 that it will be quote low, how is that measured, what is being done to minimize the exposure to the workers and how will their families be affected when they bring 13 14 that exposure home, like is there radioactive energy that they are carrying home to their children and what 16 if there is like a woman who is pregnant who is 17 bringing this home, how is that affecting her unborn child? 18 19 Also, something that Mr. Grim spoke on was that no valuable minerals will be destroyed underneath 21 the Lab and I am just wondering what is it that makes one part of this planet more valuable than another part of this planet? How is it, what, just because we can't make money off of it? I am just wondering is that where that statement's coming from? Page 99 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS

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loss of endangered species okay? And that the latent cancer level, the latent cancer will be low and I have a note here: Plutonium, when inhaled, just a few micrograms of plutonium, when inhaled, a very microscopic amount is likely to develop	1	And the endangered species loss will be low	07/16/06
And that the latent cancer level, the latent cancer will be low and I have a note here: Plutonium, when inhaled, just a few micrograms of plutonium, when inhaled, a very microscopic amount is likely to develop fatal lung cancer as some of the cells damaged by alpha radiation begin to multiply uncontrollably so I don't see how the cancer level is that low if that small of an amount is breathed in, it could be potentially fatal. MR. BROWN: One minute remaining. MS. BARBER: Okay. Oh, one of the things that I wanted to talk about was that plutonium, I believe, is derived from uranium and I wondered how is the uranium mining affecting the communities where it's being mind. I lived on a Navajo reservation and I was active in, I was active in supporting the Big Mountain Coalition in Arizona and I witnessed myself the evacuation of the people who have been staying on their land there for many, many generations, our federal government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease that they would leave the land after a 75 year period and all their life stock is being taken, they are being	2	and I don't see how that's positive because how is any	87/16.02
5 cancer will be low and I have a note here: Plutonium, 6 when inhaled, just a few micrograms of plutonium, when 7 inhaled, a very microscopic amount is likely to develop 8 fatal lung cancer as some of the cells damaged by alpha 9 radiation begin to multiply uncontrollably so I don't 10 see how the cancer level is that low if that small of 11 an amount is breathed in, it could be potentially 12 fatal. 13 MR. BROWN: One minute remaining. 14 MS. BARBER: Okay. Oh, one of the things that 15 I wanted to talk about was that plutonium, I believe, 16 is derived from uranium and I wondered how is the 17 uranium mining affecting the communities where it's 18 being mind. I lived on a Navajo reservation and I was 19 active in, I was active in supporting the Big Mountain 20 Coalition in Arizona and I witnessed myself the 21 evacuation of the people who have been staying on their 22 land there for many, many generations, our federal 23 government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease 24 that they would leave the land after a 75 year period 25 and all their life stock is being taken, they are being	3	loss of endangered species okay?	
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20 Coalition in Arizona and I witnessed myself the 21 evacuation of the people who have been staying on their 22 land there for many, many generations, our federal 23 government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease 24 that they would leave the land after a 75 year period 25 and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	18	being mind. I lived on a Navajo reservation and I was	
evacuation of the people who have been staying on their land there for many, many generations, our federal government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease that they would leave the land after a 75 year period and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	19	active in, I was active in supporting the Big Mountain	
land there for many, many generations, our federal government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease that they would leave the land after a 75 year period and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	20	Coalition in Arizona and I witnessed myself the	
government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease that they would leave the land after a 75 year period and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	21	evacuation of the people who have been staying on their	
that they would leave the land after a 75 year period and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	22	land there for many, many generations, our federal	
25 and all their life stock is being taken, they are being Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	23	government was forcing people to sign a 75 year lease	
Page 100 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	24	that they would leave the land after a 75 year period	
DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS	25	and all their life stock is being taken, they are being	
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put into tract housing, given a block of cheese and
    being forced to work for companies like Peabody Coal,
     who are also damaging the land in taking coal out of
    the land and polluting our environment.
              So, that is all I have to say right now.
    Thank you.
              MR. BROWN: Thank you. Chris Dunn is next.
    Stephanie Ericson is after Chris. I am sorry, is Chris
    here? Okay. Stephanie Ericson. Okay. Somebody is
     sprinting towards the front. You have remarkable
10
     energy for this late at night. And Dale Nesbitt will
11
12
     follow Stephanie.
13
             MS. ERICSON: He just left.
14
             MR. BROWN: Did he have a statement?
15
              MS. ERICSON: I don't have it. I hope he will
16
    submit it. He had to get up at 5:00 o'clock tomorrow
17
    morning so it is a little too late for him.
18
              I have to say that every time I hear of a new
    weapons plan put forth by DOE and the Livermore Lab it
19
    never fails to remind me of Walt Kelly's comic strip
21
    character Pogo of years ago and his conclusion: We
    have met the enemy and it is us. However, I have to
    say that we in the community of Livermore Valley are
23
                                                          89/04.01
    not the enemy nor are other peoples on our precious
    earth the enemy yet we may all pay a price for this
                                                             Page 101
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1	dangerous course of ramping up nuclear weapons work at	
2	Livermore Lab and other DOE sites and now also adding	
3	research and bio warfare agents to the mix. Why is it	
4	that so many programs justified on national security	
5	grounds make me feel insecure and vulnerable. Our real	89/04.01
6	enemies are the goal of never ending and ever	cont.
7	increasing nuclear domination and the inevitable	
8	response of other nations and groups to our hypocrisy	
9	of more nukes for us while we point fingers at weapons	
10	of mass destruction real or imagined elsewhere.	
11	My concern about DOE's ten year plan for the	l
12	Livermore Lab are both global and local. I am	
13	concerned about the increased amount of plutonium that	00/22 01
14	this plan would permit at the Lab because it increases	90/33.01
15	opportunity for greater plutonium emissions into our	
16	community. Since 1960 there have been at least 30	l
17	releases of plutonium, uranium and other radioactive	ĺ
18	substances at the Lab. There have been fires, spills,	
19	filter failures, leaks and criticality accidents. In	
20	addition plutonium contaminated sewage has been	04/22.04
21	discharged into Livermore's waste water treatment plant	91/23.01
22	and liquids with plutonium poured on to the ground.	
23	Plutonium in unlined liquid waste pits leached into the	
24	soil and some may have been swept into the atmosphere	
25	after evaporation. In a 1996 report found that the	l
		Page 102
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Livermore Lab could not account for 12 pounds of plutonium possibly due to spills, releases and/or measurement errors. We also know that elevated levels of plutonium have been found in Big Trees Park in Livermore with no definitive explanation for how it got 91/23.01 there. Some theories yes but no real answers. It cont. therefore seems irresponsible to let the Lab have even more plutonium and all the more so when you consider its purpose, to introduce new nuclear weapons technologies here. 10 P AVLIS, as mentioned before, atomic vapor 11 laser isolation separation, this was previously proposed. I didn't realize for plutonium but I know 13 later for uranium isotope separation and then abandoned for that too I believe because of environmental 92/27.01 concerns however this new plan will use 220 pounds of 16 plutonium each year increasing air pollution and 17 increasing the stream of transuranic waste, that is 18 stuff like plutonium and uranium at the Lab to over 20 19 times current levels. 20 Another project already been mentioned by 21 93/37.01 others, plutonium pit manufacturing. Again this adds 22 risk to the community for something that is not needed to maintain the current nuclear weapons stockpile. These programs are also directly linked to the intent Page 103 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS

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1	by the Bush administration to develop new nuclear	
2	weapons such as the robust nuclear earth penetrator and	
3	the so-called mini nukes. I guess the idea for mini	94/01.01
4	nukes is to make them seem small enough and maybe even	7 1/01.01
5	cute so that it becomes thinkable to use them. It is	
6	like how could a mini nuke be that bad, right?	
7	Eventually the DOE plans to construct	ı
8	somewhere, we don't know where yet, a modern pit	
9	facility to have the capability if it ran double shifts	
10	to each year produce 900 pits an amount that I	
11	understand is equal to the entire nuclear arsenal of	00/05 0
12	France and China combined.	93/37.0
13	The purpose of the Livermore pit facilities to	cont.
14	work out the bugs of the new plutonium pit	
15	manufacturing technology prior to large scale	
16	fabrication elsewhere.	l
17	MR. BROWN: One minute less.	
18	MS ERICSON: I will try to talk even faster.	I
19	While the Lab is working out these bugs it will become	
20	host of bugs of another sort as we already heard.	
21	DOE's proposal to bring bio warfare agent research to	05/05 04
22	Livermore strikes me as especially wrong headed. The	95/35.01
23	proposed BSL 3 facility here would allow research on	
24	agents for potential for airborne transmission that can	
25	be deadly if untreated, anthrax, botulism, bubonic	
		Page 104
	DATIV CODY PERCENTAGE	
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plague. Not only am I concerned about the impact of potential accidents with these agents in a heavily 96/25.04 populated area such as ours but also about the message we would send to other nations and groups that the US chooses to do this kind of politically sensitive research in a super secret nuclear facility whose primary mission is military research. The line between defensive and offensive research in this area is very 9 thin. By doing it in a classified site like this, 10 directs tremendous obstacles to oversight both 97/01.01 domestically and internationally. Even if the Bush 11 12 administration hadn't lowered US credibility with false assertions about definitive evidence of weapons of mass 13 14 destruction in Iraq, do we really expect that, don't worry, just trust us will cut it on this? I don't 15 think so. It seems to me that this is a recipe for 16 17 disaster. That as a nation we are leading by 18 missexample. I would ask the DOE that it more 19 seriously consider the local health and environmental 98/25.05 impacts of these and the other new or expanded proposed 20 21 programs and in addition that it undertake a rigorous review of these programs' potential proliferation 23 impact the weapons of mass destruction and I would ask 97/01.01 24 that such a review include the assessments of cont. independent experts who are not connected with DOE by Page 105 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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1	employment, collaborative work or past affiliation.	
2	Thank you very much.	
3	MR. BROWN: Thanks. AL Sandine. Gordon	
4	Schultz. And after Gordon, Michael Ender.	
5	SPEAKER: Since 1975 the Lawrence Livermore	
6	National Laboratory has been providing very excellent	
7	full-time jobs for people with mental retardation.	
8	Currently the Laboratory has about 30 people with	
9	developmental disabilities and very significant	
10	learning disabilities and they contract with the agency	
11	that I run. I am executive director for AID Employment	
12	and in the midst of all the other things that the	
13	laboratory has done and is doing, one of the things	
14	that they very quietly do without bringing attention to	
15	it, without asking for a claim or recognition, is very	99/15.
16	quietly integrating people with developmental	99/13.
17	disabilities into their work force changing their	
18	lives, providing them with not only income but with a	
19	meaning in life. They are included into the work	
20	force. They are fully integrated and become part of	
21	that society and I don't know if you know anything	
22	about that population but back in 1975 when this	
23	program was started by the Livermore Lab, people with	
24	developmental disabilities were relegated to sheltered	
25	workshops and were expected to stay in there and you	
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know just kind of behave. The Livermore Lab saw a potential that few people in the rest of the country saw and have brought these people in collaboration with a nonprofit agency, our nonprofit agency, employment 99/15.01 into the work force and the Laboratory received cont. national and state awards for this program and I think it is something that people should be aware of. Thank you to Livermore Lab and DOE. MR. BROWN: Thank you. Okay. Michael Ender 9 and Vernon Brechin is afterwards. MR. ENDER: Good evening. My name is Michael 11 Ender. I am a parent, soon to be a grand parent 12 through marriage and also a member of a faith community, also a graduate student in philosophy at Graduate Theological Union and I have been grappling 15 with a couple of problems over the last couple of years 16 having to do with State and society and their relation 17 and also the ethical community and I want to say first of all that, before I go any further, that I oppose any 19 increase in nuclear weapons design and manufacture at the Lab and I call upon the DOE to analyze conversion 100/04.01. of the Lab to peaceful purposes. I just want to say 07.01 that before I went any further. 23 But in struggling with the ethical community, 24 that is why I say, I am a member of a faith community Page 107

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but also of a larger community in the sense that I feel
    like or not feel but I have reason to a point where I
     am convinced that we have a responsibility beyond a
    responsibility to our families and to ourselves, but to
     a larger community and I think that there is a very
    ethical community that gathered here today because
    taking time out from your busy schedules, from your
    work, and I also want to thank the DOE for having these
     hearings and for your public service and that's what I
     think the sign of maturity and ethics is, is a kind
    of -- is a public service, a public -- you are seeking
     a public good beyond an individual good and I have
    become convinced that the good that a government grants
    its people is freedom in the sense that, and freedom is
    a word that I have really come to believe is totally
    almost completely misused; but, I believe that it has
    to do with making an intelligent choice to obey
     intelligent laws and I think that the intelligence
19
     comes --
              Intelligence is another question that I have
20
    been grappling with. I apologize if I am a little
    disorganized. I only found out about the hearing
23
     yesterday kind of by accident and I tried to keep
     informed. I listen to the news every day. Hours of
    news everyday and just by accident I heard about this
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hearing and it seems to me I would also like to ask
    that there be more hearings, a lot more hearings,
    because I think that for people to make an intelligent
    decision and for you to make an intelligent decision
                                                             101/31.02
     and come up with an intelligent plan, a reasonable
    plan, you have to incorporate the reason of many, many,
    many people and it seems to me that I am concerned,
8
     like I have been thinking about the FCC hearings when
     they wanted to make some changes in the regulations
10
     there where there was only a few hearings scheduled and
     one of the commissioners asked for more and the more
11
12
     hearings they had, the more people they were able to
     hear from, were really opposed to the changes proposed.
13
14
     So I think for us to really have an intelligent policy,
     we have to include more voices and I think that --
15
16
     well, I want to say as --
17
              MR. BROWN: Just about a minute left.
              MR. ENDER: Okay. I will try to wrap it up.
18
19
     I also -- okay, I have several points but I will take
     just 45 seconds to say that I think that, you know, one
20
     of the problems I have really been grappling with is
21
     science and knowledge and what is science? And it
22
     seems to me that, I mean for a long time I have been
23
24
     trying to figure out this philosophy of science and it
     seems to me that it is possible to have a very, very
                                                              Page 109
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convincing argument but still you can have a convincing
    argument on the other side and so you know, what you
    are proposing makes sense in a certain way; but, I
    think it is leaving out a kind of common good. I guess
    I will just wrap up by saying that, like, for example,
    you know, you can have a global warming. You can have
    a debate, you know, and you can have a very large
    consensus of scientists around the world saying that,
    you know, this is really a problem and then you can
    have some scientists come along and say no, this isn't
    a problem. It is not really good science.
             I will just conclude by saying that I don't
12
    understand, really, actually, why it is the
    Department of Energy that is here today and why it's --
    because we are talking about weapons -- nuclear, well,
    weapons and nuclear weapons proliferation and it just
     seems to me that the one, the one purpose of government
    that I am sure of is that it's to protect its citizens
     and I don't think that, even if you could make these,
     these weapons safe for the people who work in and even
20
     for this area, I don't think they are going to make --
21
     it is not going to make the world safer. I don't
     think, you know, it was Einstein that said you can't,
     you know, work for peace and war at the same time and
     so I just think that -- and it really, A J Musky says:
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There is no way to peace. Peace is the way and I really would encourage you to try to have more hearings, take more of the people's voices into 101/31.02 consideration, people who care about peace, people who cont. care about the ethical community, thank you. MR. BROWN: Thank you. Vernon Brechin. And I think Ben Louder is next. MR. BRECHIN: My name's Vernon Brechin and I am a member of Tri-Valley Cares but I am basically speaking for myself. I think my awakening started as a 10 young kid early in elementary school when I went 11 through the duck and cover drills and even then I think I felt like I was part of a pawn in a propaganda thing. Later on I enlisted in the Air Force. 1971 I 14 maintained a large antiquated trouble prone computer which could play a role in launching nuclear weapons. Then I began to -- and I heard about accidents that 17 weren't told to the public that dealt with nuclear 18 weapons and things like that and I began to think: 19 Maybe I should put my caution not so much in the 20 Soviet Union, but in those people who convinced 21 themselves that they were working on behalf of life, 22 liberty and the pursuit of happiness -- these people, I thought, maybe they are the greatest threat. 24 25 Anyway, I will do my prepared statement now. Page 111

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Thank you for this opportunity to comment on the
    Lawrence Livermore National Lab EIS, which I will call
    the SWSPEIS. Most reviewers would find it impossible
     to comprehensively review the summary booklet and three
                                                              102/31.02
     volumes within the allotted comment period. My
     comments will cover less than one percent of the issues
    presented in this multiple component EIS document. As
     I expected, I ran across many examples of the fine art
    of omission. Here are just a couple of them. Clearly,
     the primary driving factor behind this plan is existing
     administration policy. At the end of section 161 it
11
     states: That scoping comments requested that the
     SWSPEIS should address Lawrence Livermore activities at
     other sites, ie, nuclear weapons activities at the
     Nevada Test Site. Then it states: These alternatives
     were considered unreasonable. Perhaps that response is
     related to an estimated 7.29 trillion dollars of
17
     environmental damage that was rendered to the
                                                               103/07.02
     underground nuclear explosion testing portions of the
19
     Nevada Test Site. Here is the DOE document that
     contains the figure, 7.29 trillion dollars. Very few
21
22
     people have heard about this.
              Most of these tests were performed under the
23
     sponsorship of Lawrence Livermore National Lab and Los
     Alamos National Lab. If the present administration has
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its way, this lab will likely resume full scale testing at the Nevada Test Site. This SWSPEIS needs to address 103/07.02 cont. all aspects of the Lab's impact on our environment. I also noticed some omissions that anyone with a basic understanding of nuclear fission technology should have It appears in a appendix M, the NIF portion under section M 53131, radio nucleoid I had materials management --MR. BROWN: If you can make your point in the remaining minute, thanks. MR. BRECHIN: Okay. Table M 53131.2 titled 11 estimated maximum mobilizable radio nucleoid 104/26.05 12 inventories proposed action is very poorly formatted 13 and is missing large numbers of figures product radio 14 nucleoids. Many of those missing radio nucleoids can be extremely harmful if released into the general 16 environment. These include key radio isotopes such as 17 cesium 137 and stronium 90. This type of omission 18 needs to be rectified in many of the SWEIS tables and 19 the public deserves an explanation as to why these were 30 omitted and how these omissions damage the impact 21 analysis that was performed. I urged the selection of the reduced operational alternative though it fails to 23 105/06.01 address our nation's addiction with nuclear weapons of mass destruction and this alternative fails to comply Page 113 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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with the overwhelming sentiment of members of the
    public that commented on the scope of the plant, EIS
    plans. I will provide further comments later. I hope
                                                             105/06.01
    you will take these and other public comments
                                                               cont.
    seriously, even if it requires the creation of a new
    series of EIS's or a change of existing policy. Thank
     you again.
             MR. BROWN: Ben Louder. Has been here?
    Michael Veiluva. Okay. Michael is here and Phoebe
    Sorgen is here. You will be next.
             MR. VEILOVA: My name is Mike Veiluva and I am
11
    counsel to the Western States Legal Foundation and I
     want to just address two basic points. I will give a
     little background, our organization represented
     Tri-Valley Cares in the 1988 lawsuit, it is hard to
15
     believe it was 16 years ago, which sued the University
16
     of California which had produced an environmental
17
     impact report that was about 1/50 the size of the
     current environmental impact statement. As a result of
19
     the settlement of that case, we went to the next level,
     which was the 1992 combination EIS/EIR. So that's our
21
     background into this and over the years we have been
22
     involved in a number of administrative and legal
     proceedings involving this.
24
               So, in part, we are to blame for what we are
25
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doing now. Yeah, right. The 1992 EIS gave us a couple
    of statements which have stayed with us ever since and
    are indicative of the conundrum we face. One is when
    we were asked about the alternative of disarmament. We
                                                              106/01.03
    were told disarmament is too speculative to consider as
      realistic alternative. That was quote number one.
              The other one I remember is that there are no
     cultural resources of significance in the Livermore
     region which has to be a dis, I am sorry. There are
     always macro and micro issues with any NEPA analysis
10
     and unfortunately NEPA is an imperfect and crabbed way
11
     of looking at the ongoing problems associated with the
12
     operation of the Livermore Labs. We are not supposed
13
     to talk about policies issues. It is hard to talk
     about the interrelationship of this Lab with the rest
15
     of the weapons complex of which Lawrence Livermore is
16
     only a part but we do what we can. That is why so many
17
     of the comments from a NEPA perspective don't really
     fit but they do fit because this is the only forum we
19
     have and so we have to say what we're saying because
20
     the way these decisions are made, nobody has any other
21
     really outlet for many of the feelings and opinions
     that they have. So this is for a very important
23
     process for the public.
24
              The problem that this environmental impact 107/07.03
25
                                                               Page 115
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statement shares with the 1992 statement is that we are
    only looking at incremental impacts from changes in an
    ongoing project rather than a new project so we have,
    well, ten percent expansion here versus ten percent
    retraction and then a no action alternative which an
    earlier speaker aptly pointed out was actually lots of
                                                              107/07.03
    action but it just happened to be the status quo. The
    way that might expand the analysis to a point where we
                                                                cont.
    can then truly reflect on its impacts would be: Well,
    what would the Bay Area, the community, the environment
    look like without the Lab? Let's take that as the zero
    baseline and work from there rather than an ongoing
    project.
13
              MR. BROWN: One minute left.
14
              MR. VEILOVA: Oh, jeez. Okay. In 1988 we saw
15
     the camel's nose with some of these projects. In 1992
     and now we're getting to see the hump. Why not on the
     upside of the alternative show us the whole camel. How
18
     much ultimately is going to come in in the form of
     plutonium? What is the weapons facility going to look
     like in ten or fifteen years? You tell us five years,
     maybe two years, but given the promises the community
22
     has been told over the years, well, we are really not
     going to run plutonium through AVLIS, we promise no new
     weapons systems are going to be developed here and then
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we see that is what we are stuck with.
             If I were a developer and I came before
    Alameda County or the City of Livermore and I was going
    to build a commercial facility and I told them well I
    am to conduct bio weapons experiments, I will bring in
    1500 kilograms of plutonium and study simulated weapons
    effects, I swear to you the impact statement before
    they laugh me out of the City Council, would look a lot
    different.
             Economists call it zero based budgeting. I
    think the EIS has to start from a zero base. There is 108/07.03
11
     so much more I can say, you will see our written
12
    comment and hopefully it will be given the attention
13
    that -- well, more than it has in the past. I have to
14
15
     say that, so thank you for your time. I appreciate
     this, I appreciate the fact you are doing an EIS,
                                                             109/31.02
     although I don't know why it was ten years instead of
17
     five years, but there it is. Thanks.
18
              MR. BROWN: Thanks very much. Phoebe.
19
              MS. SORGEN: I am Phoebe Ann Thomas Sorgen. I
20
     am a peace and justice commissioner for the City of
21
     Berkeley but I am speaking tonight representing the
     social justice committee of my church the Berkeley
     Fellowship Of You Use and I am also representing my
     kids, my kids friend and their families or many of
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them. We are less than 50 miles away. That is too
    close to this. I especially want to thank the speakers
    and the organizers for tonight. It is most important
    that you are here. It is a sacred act. It is probably
    one of the most important things you can do today and I
    studied radiology for two years to be registered as a
    health care provider. I earned a Bachelor of Science
    Degree in biology and the last credit that I needed to
    graduate was a physics credit. I took it and it was a
    senior level course for physics majors titled: The
    Impact Of The Nuclear Age on Society. This was at the
    University of North Carolina, taught by a Ph.D. a
    nuclear physicist and I was flabbergasted by what I
    learned about plutonium and the whole nuclear shebang
    and it really seemed like a miracle that we are still
16
    here today. There have been so many close calls.
17
              In 1984 I gave a year of my life to the
    nuclear weapons freeze and I have to say it was one of
     the best years of my life. It kind of lifted this
    black nuclear cloud that I had been carrying around and
    I highly recommend going door to door talking to
    strangers about something that you feel passionately
    about. It was a very large movement and of course the
    Cold War later ended. The World Court ruled in 1996
                                                             110/01.01
    that nuclear weapons are illegal. We are now thumbing
                                                              Page 118
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our nose at international law -- we, the Bush administration, the US government. We are thumbing our 110/01.01 nose at the world. We are thumbing our nose at cont. safety. What happened to that peace dividend. 9/11? The robust earth penetrator would not have prevented 9/11. And yeah, and star wars, that whole -- the 111/02.01 national missile defense. It is offensive. It wouldn't have prevented 9/11. It doesn't make us safer at all. On the contrary. Unilateral preemptive strikes infuriate the world and recruit more 10 terrorists. The Pentagon said just a couple years ago 11 that, one study, a 15 percent Pentagon cut would not 12 13 make us less safe, cutting the budget, and that is what it would take to end world hunger. If we ended world hunger, nobody would want to bomb us. We would be the 15 heroes of the world. The Nuclear Posture Reveiw is 16 illegal and immoral and it does not increase safety. 17 It makes us less safe. It will fuel a new arms race and these proposals for Livermore will fuel a new, a 19 110/01.01 renewed arms race and make us less safe by enraging 20 cont. even our Allies. It is ultimately a plan that is 21 suicidal for our species. That is the large picture. 22 23 A smaller picture involves highway accidents, 112/25.01 earthquake, maybe a plane accident or a plane 24 intentionally crashed into the Livermore Lab and on the Page 119 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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micro level it includes cancers resulting from the
    inevitable toxic leaks. Accidents happen. My dad has
                                                              112/25.01
    two kinds of cancer right now. My mom had two kinds of
                                                                cont.
    cancer, my best friend had cancer, my step daughter's
    mom has cancer and now my husband has cancer and my
    next-door neighbor died of lung cancer though she
    didn't smoke. So I wondered way back when in college,
    I learned that one spec of plutonium inhaled will cause
    lung cancer. Half of the men alive today will have
     cancer some time in their lives and one-third of the
11
     women continuing at the rates.
12
             MR. BROWN: One minute remaining.
             MS SORGEN: I stock potassium iodide for my
13
     family and I suggest you do as well. I also stock a
     lot of painkillers and I suggest that you do. Helen
    Caldecot and Daniel Elsberg have both said that we are
     closer to nuclear Holocaust than ever in history and
     Daniel Elsberg has described that as hell, as you heard
     the description of the Holocaust survivor, that is what
19
     we could go through. But don't just prepare for it and
     despair, I am asking you all to keep fighting in
21
     whatever way you can, keep struggling against this. I
     thank Tri-Valley Cares, you are my heroes, whistle
     blowers are my heroes, saboteurs are my heroes and you
     who work for the Lab, you are in a privileged position.
                                                              Page 120
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You could become heroes, heroes to the world. You
    could be very proud of what you do for the rest of your
    life. You are here for a reason hearing this. It is
    not easy to hear this. It is not easy for me to hear
    it, to think about it. The reason why the hundreds and
    thousands of people are not taking to the streets over
    this besides the crack down of the corporate media that
    the word just isn't out, it is too hard for the people
    to think about. They can't face it, but if people knew
    they could face it, then we would put a stop to this.
10
    There would be a general strike. We would strike every
1.1
     first Friday of the month and then every single Friday
12
     and there would be a general strike if people could
13
     psychologically face, it is ridiculous. Our destiny as
     a species as the smartest species ever in existence on
15
     this planet our destiny is to create world peace to end
16
     world hunger to create a world that is just and fair
17
     for everybody that is safe for everybody and we where
18
     creativity flourishes. That's what we can do. And we
19
     can do it with creativity. The thing is to engage
     people through -- by celebrating the life and the humor
21
      and the beauty and the art and I love the ones who came
      in the weapons inspector costumes. Thank you.
              MR. BROWN: Wrap things up. Patrice Sutton.
24
              MS. SUTTON: Well, thank you. I am Patrice
25
                                                              Page 121
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Sutton and I work in public health and it seems like
    just yesterday that I stood here to voice my concern
    about the Lab's last EIS absent then and again now ten
    years later is a true accounting of the Environmental
    Health Impacts of the Lab's activities and as part of
    our global legacy of the Lab's activities one observer
    Dr. Bernard Laund who was the co-President, a former
    co-President of the International Physicians for the
    Prevention of Nuclear War has likened that legacy to a
    radiological warfare that has been waged against
    unsuspecting populations and I think we need to -- and
    actually the IPPNW won the Nobel Prize for peace and I
    think that that is kind of the context that we are back
    in even more so as the other people have talked about.
    Absent from this EIS is a real accounting but in its
    place are statistics and assumptions that have been
     contrived, sterilized and ostracized from the truth of
     what it means to do this work in this place at this
18
19
     time.
              Locally for the past decade as a Board member
20
     of Western States Legal Foundation, particularly, I
     have written countless comments and spoken so many
22
     words about the Lab, which is the Superfund site, the
     environmental activities that it is really hard to know
24
     where to begin but I am compelled to try because to be
                                                              Page 122
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silent would be a betrayal of the forget me not's I saw last weekend on a nearby hill while hiking. There is still much to be grateful for on our planet and nuclear weapons dreamed up and designed and soon to be constructed here are the enemy of all things beautiful. As the President of the World Court said on the occasion of the court's declaration that nuclear weapons are -- that nuclear weapons, the threat of use of nuclear weapons is illegal, he said that the very nature of this blind weapon has a destabilizing effect 113/01.01 on humanitarian law which regulates discernment of the 11 type of weapon used. Nuclear weapons, the ultimate evil, destabilized humanitarian law which is the law of the lesser evil, not to mention their long-term effects of damage to the human environment in respect to which 15 the right to life can be exercised. 16 So, for the record, once again, the Lab's 17 activities have put tritium in the air, plutonium in 18 Livermore parks and at school in its backyards and all 19 around town and I would add that the 20 114/23.01 Department of Energy spent 97 million dollars between 1990 and '97 fending off lawsuits filed by workers and 22 citizens relating to just such responsible nuclear 23 weapons production activities. It seems likely that even among the most egregious corporate polluters the Page 123 DAILY COPY DEPOSITIONS 1-800-729-1804

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3 4 5 6 7 8	plutonium and tritium coming here. So we are doubling the plutonium, we are increasing the amount of tritium and they are even going to let them vaporize the plutonium this time because I guess the sludge wasn't quite the best dissemination model for getting plutonium around town. There needs to be a drastically reduced	114/23.0 cont.
4 5 6 7 8	and they are even going to let them vaporize the plutonium this time because I guess the sludge wasn't quite the best dissemination model for getting plutonium around town.	
5 6 7 8 9	plutonium this time because I guess the sludge wasn't quite the best dissemination model for getting plutonium around town.	cont.
6 7 8 9	quite the best dissemination model for getting plutonium around town.	
7 8 9	plutonium around town.	
8		-
9	There needs to be a drastically reduced	
	operation alternative. The one that begins with the	113/01.0
10	United States legal commitment to abolish, not take off	cont.
11	the shelf and polish their new nuclear weapons which is	
12	what this plan is willing to do and I wanted to just	
13	read a quote from that was in this Sunday's Chronicle	
14	regarding Edgar Wayburn who is a 97-year-old	
15	environmentalist and he is talking about, he says that	
16	everything that's been done for the environment in the	
17	past 50 years is prolog and it just seems so fitting to	
18	think about what this ten year plan is about, that all	
19	the work for the last half century of nuclear weapons	
20	is really just prolog.	
21	MR. BROWN: You are at the four minute mark	
22	now.	
23	MS SUTTON: I am almost done. Everything that	
24	has been done for the environment in the past 50 years	
25	is prolog to the much greater work of preserving the	
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planet. This is a job not only for us but all of the
    generations to come.
             And I was looking for on the web and I found
    this haiku, nuclear haiku by Ted Reynolds who I don't
    know who it is but I think it is fitting to think about
    how much tritium is going to be brought in here and
    used and given all that we know about all the releases
    of tritium into the air so far of what that activities
    have been. The haiku is: How can I believe, this soft
     rain that I so love, radioactive? Thank you.
10
11
              MR. BROWN: Thank you. Patrice was the last
    person who had signed up to speak and I think the folks
12
    have had several hours to add their name to the list so
13
     I am going to assume that she is our final speaker.
14
     All right. Thanks very much. Just a few concluding
15
     remarks: First I would like to thank the DOE staff who
     began today at about 1:00 o'clock, so we are pushing
17
     about ten hours here and I want to thank you very much
18
     for participating in this meeting. I would like to
19
     also thank the Court Reporter we went many hours over
20
21
     what was anticipated and you have shown remarkable
     stamina in this and thanks very much. I would like to
22
     thank those of you who remain and the scores of members
     of the public who came and spoke. I think the record
     should show that many people were here for five hours
                                                             Page 125
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or more listening, speaking and participating and I
    think that's an indication of the commitment of the
    public and the importance that the issues raised in the
    EIS represent.
              Finally, I think that we should commend two
    citizenship awards to our youngest presenters, I think
    that was Oscar Reyes and Gus Scheis who at the age of
     ten or something like that participated in the process.
    I think that is a model of citizens paying attention
     and getting involved at an early age.
              So with that, I think we can adjourn this
    meeting and thanks again.
12
13
              (Whereupon, the meeting was concluded).
14
15
16
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
                                      SS.
    COUNTY OF ALAMEDA
                    I hereby certify that the public hearing
    was taken at the time and place therein named; that the
     comments of the said speakers was reported by me, a
    duly Certified Shorthand Reporter and disinterested
10
    person, and was thereafter transcribed into typewriting
11
     under my direction.
13
14
                             WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
15
                             hereunto subscribed my
                             hand this 14th day of
16
18
                                       Souza, CSR No. 3893
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